
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark one)

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2012

OR

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number 1-15839



ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

95-4803544

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3100 Ocean Park Boulevard, Santa Monica, CA

(Address of principal executive offices)

90405

(Zip Code)

(310) 255-2000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding at October 31, 2012 was 1,112,704,853.

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains, or incorporates by reference, certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements consist of any statement other than a recitation of historical fact and include, but are not limited to: (1) projections of revenues, expenses, income or loss, earnings or loss per share, cash flow or other financial items; (2) statements of our plans and objectives, including those relating to product releases; (3) statements of future financial or operating performance; and (4) statements of assumptions underlying such statements. Activision Blizzard, Inc. (“Activision Blizzard”) generally uses words such as “outlook,” “forecast,” “will,” “could,” “should,” “would,” “to be,” “plans,” “believes,” “may,” “expects,” “intends,” “anticipates,” “estimate,” “future,” “positioned,” “potential,” “project,” “remain,” “scheduled,” “set to,” “subject to,” “upcoming” and other similar expressions to help identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to business and economic risk, reflect management’s current expectations, estimates and projections about our business, and are inherently uncertain and difficult to predict. Our actual results could differ materially from expectations stated in forward-looking statements. Risks and uncertainties that may affect our future results include, but are not limited to, sales levels of Activision Blizzard’s titles, the impact of the current macroeconomic environment and market conditions within the video game industry, increasing concentration of titles, shifts in consumer spending trends, Activision Blizzard’s ability to predict consumer preferences, including interest in specific genres such as first-person action and massively multiplayer online games and preferences among competing hardware platforms, maintenance of relationships with key personnel, customers, licensees, licensors, vendors, and third-party developers, including the ability to attract, retain and develop key personnel and developers that can consistently create high quality “hit” titles, the seasonal and cyclical nature of the interactive entertainment market, changing business models including digital delivery of content, competition including from used games and other forms of entertainment, possible declines in software pricing, product returns and price protection, product delays, adoption rate and availability of new hardware (including peripherals) and related software, rapid changes in technology and industry standards, litigation risks and associated costs, protection of proprietary rights, counterparty risks relating to customers, licensees, licensors and manufacturers, domestic and international economic, financial and political conditions and policies, foreign exchange rates and tax rates, potential challenges associated with geographic expansion, and the other factors identified in “Risk Factors” included in Part II, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 and in our other periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). The forward-looking statements contained herein are based upon information available to us as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Although these forward-looking statements are believed to be true when made, they may ultimately prove to be incorrect. These statements are not guarantees of our future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations.

Activision Blizzard’s names, abbreviations thereof, logos, and product and service designators are all either the registered or unregistered trademarks or trade names of Activision Blizzard. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions, except share data)

| | At September 30, 2012 | At December 31, 2011 |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,909 | \$ 3,165 |
| Short-term investments | 455 | 360 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$230 million and \$300 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively | 200 | 649 |
| Inventories, net | 291 | 144 |
| Software development | 164 | 137 |
| Intellectual property licenses | 13 | 22 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 497 | 507 |
| Other current assets | 173 | 396 |
| Total current assets | <u>4,702</u> | <u>5,380</u> |
| Long-term investments | 19 | 16 |
| Software development | 156 | 62 |
| Intellectual property licenses | 4 | 12 |
| Property and equipment, net | 148 | 163 |
| Other assets | 12 | 12 |
| Intangible assets, net | 80 | 88 |
| Trademark and trade names | 433 | 433 |
| Goodwill | 7,107 | 7,111 |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 12,661</u> | <u>\$ 13,277</u> |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 253 | \$ 390 |
| Deferred revenues | 847 | 1,472 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 455 | 694 |
| Total current liabilities | <u>1,555</u> | <u>2,556</u> |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 60 | 55 |
| Other liabilities | 163 | 174 |
| Total liabilities | <u>1,778</u> | <u>2,785</u> |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 11) | | |
| Shareholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock, \$0.000001 par value, 2,400,000,000 shares authorized, 1,112,157,484 and 1,133,391,371 shares issued at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively | — | — |
| Additional paid-in capital | 9,418 | 9,616 |
| Retained earnings | 1,539 | 948 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | (74) | (72) |
| Total shareholders' equity | <u>10,883</u> | <u>10,492</u> |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | <u>\$ 12,661</u> | <u>\$ 13,277</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in millions, except per share data)

| | For the Three Months Ended September 30, | | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|---|---------|--|----------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Net revenues | | | | |
| Product sales | \$ 536 | \$ 369 | \$ 2,208 | \$ 2,197 |
| Subscription, licensing, and other revenues | 305 | 385 | 880 | 1,151 |
| Total net revenues | 841 | 754 | 3,088 | 3,348 |
| Costs and expenses | | | | |
| Cost of sales – product costs | 146 | 138 | 633 | 650 |
| Cost of sales – online subscriptions | 56 | 59 | 178 | 181 |
| Cost of sales – software royalties and amortization | 19 | 24 | 107 | 133 |
| Cost of sales – intellectual property licenses | 10 | 16 | 37 | 69 |
| Product development | 131 | 133 | 407 | 390 |
| Sales and marketing | 131 | 115 | 346 | 264 |
| General and administrative | 121 | 104 | 413 | 333 |
| Restructuring | — | 3 | — | 24 |
| Total costs and expenses | 614 | 592 | 2,121 | 2,044 |
| Operating income | 227 | 162 | 967 | 1,304 |
| Investment and other income (expense), net | 1 | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| Income before income tax expense | 228 | 165 | 971 | 1,311 |
| Income tax expense | 2 | 17 | 176 | 325 |
| Net income | \$ 226 | \$ 148 | \$ 795 | \$ 986 |
| Earnings per common share | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.13 | \$ 0.70 | \$ 0.84 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.13 | \$ 0.70 | \$ 0.84 |
| Weighted-average shares outstanding | | | | |
| Basic | 1,109 | 1,140 | 1,113 | 1,151 |
| Diluted | 1,114 | 1,148 | 1,118 | 1,160 |
| Dividends per common share | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 0.18 | \$ 0.165 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in millions)

| | <u>For the Three Months Ended</u> <u>September 30,</u> | | <u>For the Nine Months Ended</u> <u>September 30,</u> | |
|--|---|----------------|--|----------------|
| | <u>2012</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2011</u> |
| Net income | \$ 226 | \$ 148 | \$ 795 | \$ 986 |
| Other comprehensive income: | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 49 | (58) | (3) | (18) |
| Unrealized gains on investments, net of deferred income taxes of \$1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and \$0 million and \$1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively | <u>1</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>2</u> |
| Other comprehensive income | <u>\$ 50</u> | <u>\$ (58)</u> | <u>\$ (2)</u> | <u>\$ (16)</u> |
| Comprehensive income | <u>\$ 276</u> | <u>\$ 90</u> | <u>\$ 793</u> | <u>\$ 970</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in millions)

| | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|-----------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$ 795 | \$ 986 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Deferred income taxes | 20 | 124 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 69 | 77 |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment | — | 1 |
| Amortization and write-off of capitalized software development costs and intellectual property licenses (1) | 123 | 151 |
| Stock-based compensation expense (2) | 83 | 61 |
| Excess tax benefits from stock option exercises | (4) | (21) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | 450 | 516 |
| Inventories, net | (145) | (96) |
| Software development and intellectual property licenses | (218) | (181) |
| Other assets | 228 | 170 |
| Deferred revenues | (639) | (1,268) |
| Accounts payable | (141) | (117) |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | (252) | (301) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | <u>369</u> | <u>102</u> |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from maturities of available-for-sale investments | 305 | 603 |
| Payment of contingent consideration | — | (3) |
| Purchases of available-for-sale investments | (382) | (325) |
| Capital expenditures | (46) | (47) |
| Decrease in restricted cash | (22) | (18) |
| Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities | <u>(145)</u> | <u>210</u> |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock to employees | 25 | 39 |
| Repurchase of common stock | (315) | (524) |
| Dividends paid | (204) | (194) |
| Excess tax benefits from stock option exercises | 4 | 21 |
| Net cash used in financing activities | <u>(490)</u> | <u>(658)</u> |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | <u>10</u> | <u>3</u> |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (256) | (343) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | <u>3,165</u> | <u>2,812</u> |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | <u>\$ 2,909</u> | <u>\$ 2,469</u> |

(1) Excludes deferral and amortization of stock-based compensation expense.

(2) Includes the net effects of capitalization, deferral, and amortization of stock-based compensation expense.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in millions)

| | Common Stock | | Additional Paid-In Capital | Treasury Stock | | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Total Shareholders' Equity |
|--|--------------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | | Shares | Amount | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2011 | 1,133 | \$ — | \$ 9,616 | — | \$ — | \$ 948 | \$ (72) | \$ 10,492 |
| Net income | — | — | — | — | — | 795 | — | 795 |
| Other comprehensive income | — | — | — | — | — | — | (2) | (2) |
| Issuance of common stock pursuant to employee stock options and restricted stock rights | 5 | — | 25 | — | — | — | — | 25 |
| Stock-based compensation expense related to employee stock options and restricted stock rights | — | — | 92 | — | — | — | — | 92 |
| Dividends (\$0.18 per common share) (See Note 10) | — | — | — | — | — | (204) | — | (204) |
| Shares repurchased (See Note 10) | — | — | — | (26) | (315) | — | — | (315) |
| Retirement of treasury shares | (26) | — | (315) | 26 | 315 | — | — | — |
| Balance at September 30, 2012 | 1,112 | \$ — | \$ 9,418 | — | \$ — | \$ 1,539 | \$ (74) | \$ 10,883 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

1. Description of business and basis of consolidation and presentation

Description of Business

Activision Blizzard, Inc. is a worldwide online, personal computer (“PC”), video game console, handheld and mobile device game publisher. The terms “Activision Blizzard,” the “Company,” “we,” “us,” and “our” are used to refer collectively to Activision Blizzard, Inc. and its subsidiaries. We maintain significant operations in the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Sweden, Spain, the Netherlands, Australia, South Korea and China.

The common stock of Activision Blizzard is traded on The NASDAQ Stock Market under the ticker symbol “ATVI.” Vivendi S.A. (“Vivendi”) owned approximately 61% of Activision Blizzard’s outstanding common stock at September 30, 2012.

Currently, we operate under three operating segments:

Activision Publishing, Inc.

Activision Publishing, Inc. (“Activision”) is a leading international developer and publisher of interactive entertainment. Activision develops games based on both internally-developed and licensed intellectual property. Activision markets and sells games we develop and, through our affiliate label program, games developed by certain third-party publishers. We sell games both through retail channels and by digital download. Activision currently offers games that operate on the Sony Computer Entertainment, Inc. (“Sony”) PlayStation 3 (“PS3”), Nintendo Co. Ltd. (“Nintendo”) Wii (“Wii”), and Microsoft Corporation (“Microsoft”) Xbox 360 (“Xbox 360”) console systems; the Nintendo Dual Screen handheld game systems; the PC; and Apple iOS devices and other handheld and mobile devices.

Blizzard Entertainment, Inc.

Blizzard Entertainment, Inc. (“Blizzard”) is a leader in the subscription-based massively multi-player online role-playing game (“MMORPG”) category in terms of both subscriber base and revenues generated through its World of Warcraft® franchise, which it develops, hosts and supports. Blizzard also develops, markets and sells role-playing action and strategy PC-based computer games, including games in the multiple-award winning Diablo® and StarCraft® franchises. In addition, Blizzard maintains a proprietary online-game related service, Battle.net®. Blizzard distributes its products and generates revenues worldwide through various means, including: subscriptions (which consist of fees from individuals playing *World of Warcraft*, prepaid cards and other value-added service revenues such as realm transfers, faction changes, and other character customizations within *World of Warcraft* gameplay); retail sales of physical “boxed” products; online download sales of PC products; and licensing of software to third-party or related party companies that distribute *World of Warcraft*, *StarCraft® II* and *Diablo III*.

Activision Blizzard Distribution

Activision Blizzard Distribution (“Distribution”) consists of operations in Europe that provide warehousing, logistical and sales distribution services to third-party publishers of interactive entertainment software, our own publishing operations, and manufacturers of interactive entertainment hardware.

Basis of Consolidation and Presentation

Activision Blizzard prepared the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for interim reporting. As permitted under those rules and regulations, certain notes or other information that are normally required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted if they substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the annual audited consolidated financial statements. The year-end condensed balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for fair statement of our financial position and results of operations in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts and operations of the Company. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The Company considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued, to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosures.

Results of Adjustment

We identified through our internal processes that, in previous years, we erroneously over-recognized revenue for a country in our Europe region. We performed an evaluation under SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108 and concluded the effect of this error was immaterial to prior years' financial statements as well as the projected full-year 2012 financial statements. As such, during the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we recorded an adjustment to reduce net revenues and operating income by \$11 million in our consolidated statements of operations, and similarly reduced net revenues and income from operations before income tax expenses in our Blizzard segment, Europe region, and online subscriptions as presented in footnote 7 of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements by \$11 million. There was no impact to operating cash flows. The adjustment increased the deferred revenues on our consolidated balance sheet and represents a correction of an error. The \$11 million adjustment related to prior periods as follows: (i) approximately \$1 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2012; (ii) approximately \$1 million for each quarter of 2011 (totaling approximately \$4 million for the year ended December 31, 2011); (iii) \$2 million for the year ended December 31, 2010; and (iv) approximately \$4 million for periods prior to the year ended December 31, 2010. Net income decreased by approximately \$9 million, or less than \$0.01 earnings per basic and diluted share, as a result of recording this adjustment.

2. Inventories, net

Our inventories, net consist of the following (amounts in millions):

| | At September 30, 2012 | At December 31, 2011 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Finished goods | \$ 180 | \$ 116 |
| Purchased parts and components | 111 | 28 |
| Inventories, net | <u>\$ 291</u> | <u>\$ 144</u> |

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3. Intangible assets, net

Intangible assets, net consist of the following (amounts in millions):

| | At September 30, 2012 | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | Estimated useful lives | Gross carrying amount | Accumulated amortization | Net carrying amount |
| Acquired definite-lived intangible assets: | | | | |
| License agreements | 3 - 10 years | \$ 88 | \$ (84) | \$ 4 |
| Internally-developed franchises | 11 - 12 years | 309 | (233) | 76 |
| Acquired indefinite-lived intangible assets: | | | | |
| Activision trademark | Indefinite | 386 | — | 386 |
| Acquired trade names | Indefinite | 47 | — | 47 |
| Total | | \$ 830 | \$ (317) | \$ 513 |

| | At December 31, 2011 | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | Estimated useful lives | Gross carrying amount | Accumulated amortization | Net carrying amount |
| Acquired definite-lived intangible assets: | | | | |
| License agreements | 3 - 10 years | \$ 88 | \$ (82) | \$ 6 |
| Game engines | 2 - 5 years | 32 | (32) | — |
| Internally-developed franchises | 11 - 12 years | 309 | (227) | 82 |
| Distribution agreements | 4 years | 18 | (18) | — |
| Acquired indefinite-lived intangible assets: | | | | |
| Activision trademark | Indefinite | 386 | — | 386 |
| Acquired trade names | Indefinite | 47 | — | 47 |
| Total | | \$ 880 | \$ (359) | \$ 521 |

Amortization expense of intangible assets was \$3 million and \$7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. Amortization expense of intangible assets was \$7 million and \$22 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

At September 30, 2012, future amortization of definite-lived intangible assets is estimated as follows (amounts in millions):

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 2012 (remaining three months) | \$ 27 |
| 2013 | 28 |
| 2014 | 13 |
| 2015 | 7 |
| 2016 | 3 |
| Thereafter | 2 |
| Total | \$ 80 |

4. Income taxes

The income tax expense of \$2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 reflected an effective tax rate of 0.8%, which differed from the effective tax rate of 10.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 primarily due to a tax benefit resulting from a federal income tax audit settlement allocated to us in the three months ended September 30, 2012 by a subsidiary of Vivendi S.A. ("Vivendi"), as further discussed below. The effective tax rate of 0.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 differed from the statutory rate of 35.0% primarily due to the tax benefit resulting from the federal income tax audit settlement, foreign income taxes levied at relatively lower rates, the geographic mix of our income, and recognition of California research and development credits and federal domestic production deductions. The federal research credit expired on December 31, 2011 and, as of September 30, 2012, an extension of the credit had not been signed into law, so we have excluded the benefit from this tax credit in our income tax calculation for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

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For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, the tax rate was based on our projected annual effective tax rate for 2012, and also included certain discrete tax items recorded during the period. Our tax expense of \$176 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 reflected an effective tax rate of 18.1%, which differed from the effective tax rate of 24.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 primarily due to the tax benefit resulting from the federal income tax audit settlement allocated to us in the three months ended September 30, 2012.

As previously disclosed, on July 9, 2008, a business combination (“the Business Combination”) occurred amongst Vivendi, the Company and certain of their respective subsidiaries pursuant to which Vivendi Games, Inc. (“Vivendi Games”), then a member of the consolidated U.S. tax group of Vivendi’s subsidiary, Vivendi Holdings I Corp. (“VHI”), became a subsidiary of the Company. As a result of the business combination, the favorable tax attributes of Vivendi Games, Inc. carried forward to the Company. In late August 2012, VHI settled a federal income tax audit with the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) for the tax years ended December 31, 2002, 2003, and 2004. In connection with the settlement agreement, VHI’s consolidated federal net operating loss carryovers were adjusted and allocated to various companies that were part of its consolidated group during the relevant periods. This allocation resulted in a \$132 million federal net operating loss allocation to Vivendi Games. In September 2012, the Company filed an amended tax return for its December 31, 2008 tax year to utilize these additional federal net operating losses allocated as a result of the aforementioned settlement, resulting in the recording of a one-time tax benefit of \$46 million. Prior to the settlement, and given the uncertainty of the VHI audit, the Company had insufficient information to allow it to record or disclose any information related to the audit until the quarter ended September 30, 2012.

The overall effective income tax rate for the year could be different from the effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and will be dependent, in part, on our profitability for the remainder of the year. In addition, our effective income tax rates for the remainder of 2012 and future periods will depend on a variety of factors, such as changes in the mix of income by tax jurisdiction, applicable accounting rules, applicable tax laws and regulations, and rulings and interpretations thereof, developments in tax audits and other matters, and variations in the estimated and actual level of annual pre-tax income or loss. Further, the effective tax rate could fluctuate significantly on a quarterly basis and could be adversely affected by the extent that income (loss) before income tax expenses (benefit) is lower than anticipated in foreign regions where taxes are levied at relatively lower statutory rates and/or higher than anticipated in the United States where taxes are levied at relatively higher statutory rates.

The IRS is currently examining the Company’s federal tax returns for the 2009 tax year. The Company also has several state and non-U.S. audits pending. Vivendi Games is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations for tax years before 2004 or state examinations for tax years before 2000. Although the final resolution of the Company’s global tax disputes is uncertain, based on current information, in the opinion of the Company’s management, the ultimate resolution of these matters are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company’s consolidated financial position, liquidity or results of operations. However, an unfavorable resolution of the Company’s global tax disputes could have a material adverse effect on the Company’s business and results of operations in an interim period in which the matters are ultimately resolved.

5. Software development and intellectual property licenses

The following table summarizes the components of our capitalized software development costs and intellectual property licenses (amounts in millions):

| | At September 30, 2012 | At December 31, 2011 |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Internally developed software costs | \$ 168 | \$ 115 |
| Payments made to third-party software developers | 152 | 84 |
| Total software development costs | <u>\$ 320</u> | <u>\$ 199</u> |
| Intellectual property licenses | \$ 17 | \$ 34 |

Amortization, write-offs and impairments of capitalized software development costs and intellectual property licenses are comprised of the following (amounts in millions):

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| | Three months ended September 30, | | Nine months ended September 30, | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|--------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Amortization of capitalized software development costs and intellectual property licenses | \$ 22 | \$ 28 | \$ 121 | \$ 158 |
| Write-offs and impairments | — | — | 8 | — |

6. Fair value measurements

Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) literature regarding fair value measurements for financial and non-financial assets and liabilities establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of “observable inputs” and minimize the use of “unobservable inputs.” The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1—Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2—Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3—Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

We measure the fair value of certain assets on a non-recurring basis, generally annually or when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012, there were no impairment charges related to assets that are measured on a non-recurring basis.

The tables below segregate all financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis and non-financial assets and liabilities that are not subject to recurring fair value measurement into the most appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to determine the fair value on September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 (amounts in millions):

| | September 30, 2012 | Fair Value Measurements at September 30, 2012 Using | | | Balance Sheet Classification |
|--|-----------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------|
| | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | |
| Recurring fair value measurements: | | | | | |
| Money market funds | \$ 2,774 | \$ 2,774 | \$ — | \$ — | Cash and cash equivalents |
| U.S. treasuries and government agency securities | 417 | 417 | — | — | Short-term investments |
| Auction rate securities (“ARS”) | 19 | — | — | 19 | Long-term investments |
| Foreign exchange contract derivatives | 3 | — | 3 | — | Other current assets |
| Total recurring fair value measurements | <u>\$ 3,213</u> | <u>\$ 3,191</u> | <u>\$ 3</u> | <u>\$ 19</u> | |

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Fair Value Measurements at
December 31, 2011 Using

| | December 31, 2011 | Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2011 Using | | | Total Gains (Losses) | Balance Sheet Classification |
|--|----------------------|--|---|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | | |
| Recurring fair value measurements: | | | | | | |
| Money market funds | \$ 2,869 | \$ 2,869 | \$ — | \$ — | | Cash and cash equivalents |
| U.S. treasuries with original maturities of three months or less | 2 | 2 | — | — | | Cash and cash equivalents |
| U.S. treasuries and government agency securities | 344 | 344 | — | — | | Short-term investments |
| ARS | 16 | — | — | 16 | | Long-term investments |
| Total recurring fair value measurements | <u>\$ 3,231</u> | <u>\$ 3,215</u> | <u>\$ —</u> | <u>\$ 16</u> | | |
| Non-recurring fair value measurements: | | | | | | |
| Goodwill (a) | \$ 7,111 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 7,111 | \$ (12) | |
| Total non-recurring fair value measurements | <u>\$ 7,111</u> | <u>\$ —</u> | <u>\$ —</u> | <u>\$ 7,111</u> | <u>\$ (12)</u> | |

(a) During our annual impairment review of goodwill performed as of December 31, 2011, we identified and recorded an impairment of \$12 million in our Distribution segment. The decrease in fair value of the reporting unit was primarily due to the decrease of forecasted revenue from our Distribution segment in view of the industry trend towards digital distribution.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of our financial assets classified as Level 3 by major categories (amounts in millions) at September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively:

| | Level 3 | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| | ARS (a) | Total financial assets at fair value |
| Balance at January 1, 2012 | \$ 16 | \$ 16 |
| Total unrealized gains included in other comprehensive income | 3 | 3 |
| Balance at September 30, 2012 | <u>\$ 19</u> | <u>\$ 19</u> |

| | Level 3 | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| | ARS (a) | Total financial assets at fair value |
| Balance at January 1, 2011 | \$ 23 | \$ 23 |
| Total unrealized gains included in other comprehensive income | 2 | 2 |
| Balance at September 30, 2011 | <u>\$ 25</u> | <u>\$ 25</u> |

- (a) Fair value measurements of the ARS have been estimated using an income-approach model (specifically, discounted cash-flow analysis). When estimating the fair value, we consider both observable market data and non-observable factors, including credit quality, duration, insurance wraps, collateral composition, maximum rate formulas, comparable trading instruments and the likelihood of redemption. Significant assumptions used in the analysis include estimates for interest rates, spreads, cash flow timing and amounts, and holding periods of the securities.

Assets measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) represent less than 1% of our financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2012.

Foreign Currency Forward Contracts Not Designated as Hedges

We transact business in various currencies other than the U.S. dollar and have significant international sales and expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, subjecting us to currency exchange rate risks. To mitigate our risk from foreign currency fluctuations we periodically enter into currency derivative contracts, primarily swaps and forward contracts with maturities of twelve months or less, with Vivendi as our principal counterparty. We do not hold or purchase any foreign currency contracts for trading or speculative purposes and we do not designate these forward contracts or swaps as hedging instruments. Accordingly, we report the fair value of these contracts in our condensed consolidated balance sheet with changes in fair value recorded in our condensed consolidated statement of operations. The fair value of foreign currency contracts is estimated based on the prevailing exchange rates of the various hedged currencies as of the end of the period.

7. Operating segments and geographic region

Our operating segments are consistent with our internal organizational structure, the manner in which our operations are reviewed and managed by our Chief Executive Officer, who is our Chief Operating Decision Maker (“CODM”), the manner in which our CODM assesses operating performance and allocates resources, and the availability of separate financial information. We do not aggregate operating segments.

The CODM reviews segment performance exclusive of the impact of the change in deferred net revenues and related cost of sales with respect to certain of our online-enabled games, stock-based compensation expense, restructuring expense, and amortization of intangible assets. The CODM does not review any information regarding total assets on an operating segment basis and, accordingly, no disclosure is made with respect thereto. Please see footnote 1 of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements for the description of an adjustment recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 that impacted net revenues and income from operations before income tax expenses in our Blizzard segment, Europe region, and online subscriptions as presented in tables within this footnote.

Information on the operating segments and reconciliations of total segment net revenues and total segment income from operations to consolidated net revenues and income before income tax expense from external customers for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below (amounts in millions):

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| | Three months ended September 30, | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------|--|---------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| | Net revenues | | Income from operations before income tax expense | |
| Activision | \$ 283 | \$ 253 | \$ (14) | \$ (36) |
| Blizzard | 414 | 297 | 168 | 120 |
| Distribution | 54 | 77 | — | 1 |
| Operating segments total | 751 | 627 | 154 | 85 |
| Reconciliation to consolidated net revenues / consolidated income before income tax expense: | | | | |
| Net effect from deferral of net revenues and related cost of sales | 90 | 127 | 110 | 105 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | — | — | (34) | (18) |
| Restructuring | — | — | — | (3) |
| Amortization of intangible assets | — | — | (3) | (7) |
| Consolidated net revenues / operating income | <u>\$ 841</u> | <u>\$ 754</u> | <u>227</u> | <u>162</u> |
| Investment and other income (expense), net | | | 1 | 3 |
| Consolidated income before income tax expense | | | <u>\$ 228</u> | <u>\$ 165</u> |

| | Nine months ended September 30, | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| | Net revenues | | Income from operations before income tax expense | |
| Activision | \$ 928 | \$ 898 | \$ (84) | \$ 42 |
| Blizzard | 1,299 | 968 | 629 | 425 |
| Distribution | 166 | 214 | — | 1 |
| Operating segments total | 2,393 | 2,080 | 545 | 468 |
| Reconciliation to consolidated net revenues / consolidated income before income tax expense: | | | | |
| Net effect from deferral of net revenues and related cost of sales | 695 | 1,268 | 514 | 943 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | — | — | (85) | (61) |
| Restructuring | — | — | — | (24) |
| Amortization of intangible assets | — | — | (7) | (22) |
| Consolidated net revenues / operating income | <u>\$ 3,088</u> | <u>\$ 3,348</u> | <u>\$ 967</u> | <u>\$ 1,304</u> |
| Investment and other income (expense), net | | | 4 | 7 |
| Consolidated income before income tax expense | | | <u>\$ 971</u> | <u>\$ 1,311</u> |

Geographic information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 is based on the location of the selling entity. Net revenues from external customers by geographic region were as follows (amounts in millions):

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| | Three months ended September 30, | | Nine months ended September 30, | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Net revenues by geographic region: | | | | |
| North America | \$ 403 | \$ 360 | \$ 1,567 | \$ 1,687 |
| Europe | 333 | 323 | 1,220 | 1,385 |
| Asia Pacific | 105 | 71 | 301 | 276 |
| Total consolidated net revenues | <u>\$ 841</u> | <u>\$ 754</u> | <u>\$ 3,088</u> | <u>\$ 3,348</u> |

Net revenues by platform were as follows (amounts in millions):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Nine months ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Net revenues by platform: | | | | |
| Online subscriptions* | \$ 226 | \$ 336 | \$ 701 | \$ 1,090 |
| Console | 227 | 277 | 1,430 | 1,711 |
| Hand-held | 20 | 19 | 64 | 82 |
| PC and Other | 314 | 45 | 727 | 251 |
| Total platform net revenues | 787 | 677 | 2,922 | 3,134 |
| Distribution | 54 | 77 | 166 | 214 |
| Total consolidated net revenues | <u>\$ 841</u> | <u>\$ 754</u> | <u>\$ 3,088</u> | <u>\$ 3,348</u> |

*Revenue from online subscriptions consists of revenue from all *World of Warcraft* products, including subscriptions, boxed products, expansion packs, licensing royalties, and value-added services, and revenues from *Call of Duty® Elite* memberships.

Long-lived assets by geographic region at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were as follows (amounts in millions):

| | At September 30, 2012 | At December 31, 2011 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Long-lived assets* by geographic region: | | |
| North America | \$ 94 | \$ 105 |
| Europe | 42 | 46 |
| Asia Pacific | 12 | 12 |
| Total long-lived assets by geographic region | <u>\$ 148</u> | <u>\$ 163</u> |

*The only long-lived assets that we classify by region are our long term tangible fixed assets, which only includes property, plant and equipment assets; all other long term assets are not allocated by location.

We did not have any single external customer that accounted for 10% or more of consolidated net revenues for the three or nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011.

8. Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by operating segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 are as follows (amounts in millions):

| | Activision | Blizzard | Total |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2011 | \$ 6,933 | \$ 178 | \$ 7,111 |
| Tax benefit credited to goodwill | <u>(4)</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>(4)</u> |
| Balance at September 30, 2012 | <u>\$ 6,929</u> | <u>\$ 178</u> | <u>\$ 7,107</u> |

The tax benefit credited to goodwill represents the tax deduction resulting from the exercise of stock options that were outstanding and vested at the consummation of the Business Combination and included in the purchase price of the Company, to the extent that the tax deduction did not exceed the fair value of those options. Conversely, to the extent that the tax deduction did exceed the fair value of those options, the tax benefit is credited to additional paid-in capital.

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9. Computation of basic/diluted earnings per common share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share (amounts in millions, except per share data):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Nine months ended September 30, | |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Consolidated net income | \$ 226 | \$ 148 | \$ 795 | \$ 986 |
| Less: Distributed earnings to unvested stock-based awards that participate in earnings | — | — | (4) | (3) |
| Less: Undistributed earnings allocated to unvested stock-based awards that participate in earnings | (5) | (2) | (12) | (11) |
| Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per common share - net income available to common shareholders | <u>221</u> | <u>146</u> | <u>779</u> | <u>972</u> |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Denominator for basic earnings per common share - weighted-average common shares outstanding | 1,109 | 1,140 | 1,113 | 1,151 |
| Effect of potential dilutive common shares under the treasury stock method: | | | | |
| Employee stock options | <u>5</u> | <u>8</u> | <u>5</u> | <u>9</u> |
| Denominator for diluted earnings per common share - weighted-average common shares outstanding plus dilutive effect of employee stock options | <u>1,114</u> | <u>1,148</u> | <u>1,118</u> | <u>1,160</u> |
| Basic earnings per common share | <u>\$ 0.20</u> | <u>\$ 0.13</u> | <u>\$ 0.70</u> | <u>\$ 0.84</u> |
| Diluted earnings per common share | <u>\$ 0.20</u> | <u>\$ 0.13</u> | <u>\$ 0.70</u> | <u>\$ 0.84</u> |

Our unvested restricted stock rights, which consist of restricted stock units, restricted stock awards, and performance shares, are considered participating securities since these securities have non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents during the contractual period of the award. Since the unvested restricted stock rights are considered participating securities, we are required to use the two-class method in our computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, on a weighted-average basis, we had outstanding unvested restricted stock rights with respect to 27 million and 23 million shares of common stock, respectively. For both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, on a weighted-average basis, we had outstanding unvested restricted stock rights with respect to 17 million shares of common stock.

Potential common shares are not included in the denominator of the diluted earnings per common share calculation when inclusion of such shares would be anti-dilutive. Therefore, options to acquire 24 million and 20 million shares of common stock were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively, and options to acquire 23 million and 31 million shares of common stock were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, as the effect of their inclusion in each case would be anti-dilutive.

10. Capital transactions

Repurchase Program

On February 2, 2012, our Board of Directors authorized a new stock repurchase program under which we may repurchase up to \$1 billion of our common stock, on terms and conditions to be determined by the Company, during the period between April 1, 2012 and the earlier of March 31, 2013 and a determination by the Board of Directors to discontinue the repurchase program. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we repurchased 4 million shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$54 million pursuant to that stock repurchase program.

On February 3, 2011, our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program under which we were authorized to repurchase up to \$1.5 billion of our common stock, on terms and conditions to be determined by the Company, until March 31, 2012. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we repurchased 22 million shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$261 million pursuant to that stock repurchase program.

Therefore, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we repurchased in total 26 million shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$315 million pursuant to stock repurchase plans authorized in 2011 and 2012.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, we repurchased 47 million shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$524 million pursuant to stock repurchase plans authorized in 2010 and 2011.

Dividend

On February 9, 2012, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.18 per common share to be paid on May 16, 2012 to shareholders of record at the close of business on March 21, 2012 and on May 16, 2012, we made a cash dividend payment of \$201 million to such shareholders. On June 1, 2012, the Company made dividend equivalent payments of \$3 million related to this cash dividend to the holders of restricted stock units.

On February 9, 2011, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend of \$0.165 per common share to be paid on May 11, 2011 to shareholders of record as of March 16, 2011, and on May 11, 2011, we made a cash dividend payment of \$192 million to such shareholders. On August 12, 2011, the Company made dividend equivalent payments of \$2 million related to this cash dividend to the holders of restricted stock units.

11. Commitments and contingencies

At September 30, 2012, we did not have any significant changes to our commitments since December 31, 2011. See Note 17 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 for more information regarding our commitments.

Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings and claims. FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 450 governs the disclosure of loss contingencies and accrual of loss contingencies in respect of litigation and other claims. The Company records an accrual for a potential loss when it is probable that a loss will occur and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. When the reasonable estimate of the potential loss is within a range of amounts, the minimum of the range of potential loss is accrued, unless a higher amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount within the range. Moreover, even if an accrual is not required, the Company provides additional disclosure related to litigation and other claims when it is reasonably possible (*i.e.*, more than remote) that the outcomes of such litigation and other claims include potential material adverse impacts on the Company. The outcomes of legal proceedings and other claims are subject to significant uncertainties, many of which are outside the Company's control. There is significant judgment required in the analysis of these matters, including the probability determination and whether a potential exposure can be reasonably estimated. In making these determinations, the Company, in consultation with outside counsel, examines the relevant facts and circumstances on a quarterly basis assuming, as applicable, a combination of settlement and litigated outcomes and strategies. Moreover, legal matters are inherently unpredictable and the timing of development of factors on which reasonable judgments and estimates can be based can be slow. As such, there can be no assurance that the final outcome of these matters will not materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity.

In prior periods, the Company reported on litigation involving former employees at Infinity Ward, as well as Electronic Arts, Inc. As previously disclosed, all parties to these litigation matters reached a settlement of the disputes on May 31, 2012.

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We are party to routine claims and suits brought by us and against us in the ordinary course of business, including disputes arising over intellectual property rights, contractual claims, employment laws, regulations and relationships, and collection matters. In the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, such routine claims and lawsuits are not significant and we do not expect them to have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity.

12. Related party transactions

Treasury

Our foreign currency risk management program seeks to reduce risks arising from foreign currency fluctuations. We use derivative financial instruments, primarily currency forward contracts and swaps, with Vivendi as our principal counterparty. The gross notional amount of outstanding foreign exchange swaps were \$901 million and \$85 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. A pre-tax net unrealized gain of \$4 million and a loss of less than \$1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, resulted from the foreign exchange contracts and swaps with Vivendi and were recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. A pre-tax net unrealized gain of \$3 million and a loss of less than \$1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, resulted from the foreign exchange contracts and swaps with Vivendi and were recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Other

Activision Blizzard has entered into various transactions and agreements, including cash management services, investor agreement, and music royalty agreements with Vivendi and its subsidiaries and other affiliates. None of these services, transactions and agreements with Vivendi and its affiliates is material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the condensed consolidated financial statements as a whole.

13. Recently issued accounting pronouncements

Indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment

In July 2012, the FASB issued an update to the authoritative guidance related to testing indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. This update gives an entity the option to first consider certain qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not that the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is less than its carrying amount as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the quantitative impairment test. This update is effective for the indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment test performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. We do not expect that the adoption of this guidance will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Fair value measurements and disclosures

Effective January 1, 2012, we adopted an update to the accounting rules for fair value measurement. The new accounting principal establishes a consistent definition of fair value in an effort to ensure that the fair value measurement and disclosure requirements between U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") are comparable. This update changes certain fair value measurement principles and enhances the disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. This update does not extend the use of fair value accounting, but provides guidance on how it should be applied where its use was already required or permitted by other standards within U.S. GAAP or IFRS. This update is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011 and is applied prospectively. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying disclosures.

Statement of comprehensive income

Effective January 1, 2012, we adopted the FASB issued authoritative guidance on the presentation of comprehensive income. This update requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This update does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying disclosures.

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Goodwill impairment

Effective January 1, 2012, the Company adopted an update to the authoritative guidance related to goodwill impairment testing. This update gives companies the option to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount before performing the two-step test mandated prior to the update. If, after assessing the totality of events and circumstances, a company determines it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then it must perform the two-step test. Otherwise, a company may skip the two-step test. Companies are not required to perform the qualitative assessment and may, instead proceed directly to the first step of the two-part test. The adoption of this updated guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Business Overview

Activision Blizzard, Inc. is a worldwide online, personal computer ("PC"), video game console, handheld and mobile device game publisher. The terms "Activision Blizzard," the "Company," "we," "us," and "our" are used to refer collectively to Activision Blizzard, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Based upon our organizational structure, we conduct our business through three operating segments as follows:

Activision Publishing, Inc.

Activision Publishing, Inc. ("Activision") is a leading international developer and publisher of interactive software products and content. Activision develops games based on both internally-developed and licensed intellectual property. Activision markets and sells games we develop and, through our affiliate label program, games developed by certain third-party publishers. We sell games both through retail channels and by digital download. Activision currently offers games that operate on the Sony Computer Entertainment, Inc. ("Sony") PlayStation 3 ("PS3"), Nintendo Co. Ltd. ("Nintendo") Wii ("Wii"), and Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") Xbox 360 ("Xbox 360") console systems; the Nintendo Dual Screen ("NDS") handheld game systems; the PC; and Apple iOS devices and other handheld and mobile devices.

Blizzard Entertainment, Inc.

Blizzard Entertainment, Inc. ("Blizzard") is a leader in the subscription-based massively multi-player online role-playing game ("MMORPG") category in terms of both subscriber base and revenues generated through its World of Warcraft® franchise, which it develops, hosts and supports. Blizzard also develops, markets and sells role-playing action and strategy PC-based computer games, including games in the multiple-award winning Diablo® and StarCraft® franchises. In addition, Blizzard maintains a proprietary online-game related service, Battle.net®. Blizzard distributes its products and generates revenues worldwide through various means, including: subscriptions (which consist of fees from individuals playing World of Warcraft, prepaid cards and other value-added service revenues such as realm transfers, faction changes, and other character customizations within World of Warcraft gameplay); retail sales of physical "boxed" products; online download sales of PC products; and licensing of software to third-party or related party companies that distribute *World of Warcraft*, *StarCraft® II* and *Diablo® III*.

Activision Blizzard Distribution

Activision Blizzard Distribution ("Distribution") consists of operations in Europe that provide warehousing, logistical and sales distribution services to third-party publishers of interactive entertainment software, our own publishing operations, and manufacturers of interactive entertainment hardware.

Business Highlights

For the three months ended September 30, 2012, Activision Blizzard had net revenues of \$841 million, as compared to net revenues of \$754 million in the same period in 2011. For the three months ended September 30, 2012, Activision Blizzard's earnings per diluted share were \$0.20, as compared to earnings per diluted share of \$0.13 for the same period in 2011.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, Activision Blizzard had net revenues of \$3.1 billion, as compared to net revenues of \$3.3 billion for the same period in 2011, and earnings per diluted share of \$0.70, as compared to earnings per diluted share of \$0.84 for the same period in 2011.

According to The NPD Group, with respect to North American data, Chart-Track and GfK with respect to European data, and our internal estimates:

- Activision Blizzard was the #1 PC publisher overall in North America and Europe for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012;
- Activision Publishing's *Skylanders Spyro's Adventure*™, including accessory packs and figures, was the #1 best-selling console and handheld game overall in dollars in North America and Europe for the nine months ended September 30, 2012; and
- Blizzard Entertainment's latest expansion pack, *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*, which launched on September 25, 2012 (in all regions except for China, which launched on October 2, 2012), sold approximately 2.7 million copies in its first week of sales.

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Additionally, during the nine months ended September 30, 2012, Activision Publishing released *Call of Duty: Modern Warfare 3 Content Collection #1*, *Call of Duty: Modern Warfare 3 Content Collection #2*, *Call of Duty: Modern Warfare 3 Content Collection #3*, and *Call of Duty: Modern Warfare 3 Content Collection #4*. In addition, Activision Publishing released *Transformers: Fall of Cybertron*, *Angry Birds Trilogy*, *Skylanders Cloud Patrol™*, *Prototype® 2*, *Battleship®*, *The Amazing Spider-Man™* and *Men In Black: Alien Crisis™*. Activision Publishing also released *Ice Age™ Continental Drift Arctic Games* in Europe and Asia Pacific.

Recent and Upcoming Product Releases

During October, Activision Publishing released several new titles including: *007™ Legends* on October 16, 2012; *Skylanders: Giants™*, the sequel to its innovative new entertainment property *Skylanders: Spyro's Adventure™*, on October 22, 2012; *Cabela's Dangerous Hunts 2013* and *Cabela's Hunting Expeditions* on October 23, 2012; and *Transformers Prime™* on October 30, 2012.

On November 13, 2012, Activision Publishing expects to release *Call of Duty: Black Ops II*. Additionally, Activision Publishing expects to release *Wipeout 3* on November 18, 2012 and *Family Guy: Back to the Multiverse* on November 20, 2012.

Management's Overview of Business Trends

We provide our products through both retail channels and digital online delivery methods. Many of our video games that are available through retailers as physical "boxed" software products such as DVDs are also available by direct digital download over the Internet (both from websites that we own and from others owned by third parties). In addition, we offer players downloadable content as add-ons to our products (e.g., new multi-player content packs), generally for a one-time fee. We also offer subscription-based services for *World of Warcraft*, which are digitally delivered and hosted by Blizzard's proprietary online-game related service, Battle.net. In conjunction with the release of *Call of Duty: Black Ops II*, all of the *Call of Duty Elite* service features for that game will be free; this free service will not include downloadable content packs, which will be sold separately via a discounted season pass bundle and a la carte as individual content packs. Existing *Call of Duty Elite* premium members will continue to enjoy the *Call of Duty Elite* premium membership features for *Call of Duty: Modern Warfare 3* through the end of their subscription period. Digital revenues remain an important part of our business, and we continue to focus on and develop products that can be delivered via digital online channels. The amount of our digital revenues in any period may fluctuate depending, in part, on the timing and nature of our specific product releases.

Conditions in the retail channels of the video games industry have remained challenging for the first nine months of 2012. In the U.S. and Europe, retail sales within the industry experienced a combined overall decrease of approximately 21% for the first nine months of 2012, as compared to the same period in 2011, according to The NPD Group, Chart-Track and GfK. The declines in the U.S. and European retail channels were impacted by fewer releases and catalogue sales in the nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011, as well as price declines over the prior year. In addition, the decline in sales to the retail channel continues to be more pronounced for casual titles on the Nintendo Wii and handheld platforms (down over 34% year-to-date), than titles on high-definition platforms (i.e., Xbox 360 and PS3).

However, the industry's top five titles (including accessory packs and figures) grew 15% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, as compared to the same period in 2011. This has resulted in the further concentration of revenues in the top titles, particularly for high-definition platforms, which experienced year-over-year growth, while non-premier titles experienced declines. The Company's results have been less impacted by the general declining trends in retail compared to our competitors because of our greater focus on premier top titles and a more focused overall slate of titles.

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Consolidated Statements of Operations Data

The following table sets forth consolidated statements of operations data for the periods indicated in dollars and as a percentage of total net revenues (amounts in millions):

| | <u>Three months ended September 30,</u> | | | | <u>Nine months ended September 30,</u> | | | |
|---|---|------------|---------------|------------|--|------------|---------------|------------|
| | <u>2012</u> | | <u>2011</u> | | <u>2012</u> | | <u>2011</u> | |
| Net revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Product sales | \$ 536 | 64% | \$ 369 | 49% | \$ 2,208 | 72% | \$ 2,197 | 66% |
| Subscription, licensing, and other revenues | 305 | 36 | 385 | 51 | 880 | 28 | 1,151 | 34 |
| Total net revenues | <u>841</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>754</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>3,088</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>3,348</u> | <u>100</u> |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Cost of sales – product costs | 146 | 17 | 138 | 18 | 633 | 21 | 650 | 19 |
| Cost of sales – online subscriptions | 56 | 7 | 59 | 8 | 178 | 6 | 181 | 5 |
| Cost of sales – software royalties and amortization | 19 | 2 | 24 | 3 | 107 | 4 | 133 | 4 |
| Cost of sales – intellectual property licenses | 10 | 1 | 16 | 2 | 37 | 1 | 69 | 2 |
| Product development | 131 | 16 | 133 | 18 | 407 | 13 | 390 | 12 |
| Sales and marketing | 131 | 16 | 115 | 15 | 346 | 11 | 264 | 8 |
| General and administrative | 121 | 14 | 104 | 14 | 413 | 13 | 333 | 10 |
| Restructuring | — | — | 3 | — | — | — | 24 | 1 |
| Total costs and expenses | <u>614</u> | <u>73</u> | <u>592</u> | <u>78</u> | <u>2,121</u> | <u>69</u> | <u>2,044</u> | <u>61</u> |
| Operating income | 227 | 27 | 162 | 22 | 967 | 31 | 1,304 | 39 |
| Investment and other income (expense), net | 1 | — | 3 | — | 4 | — | 7 | — |
| Income before income tax expense | 228 | 27 | 165 | 22 | 971 | 31 | 1,311 | 39 |
| Income tax expense | 2 | — | 17 | 2 | 176 | 5 | 325 | 10 |
| Net income | <u>\$ 226</u> | <u>27%</u> | <u>\$ 148</u> | <u>20%</u> | <u>\$ 795</u> | <u>26%</u> | <u>\$ 986</u> | <u>29%</u> |

Operating Segment Results

Our operating segments are consistent with our internal organizational structure, the manner in which our operations are reviewed and managed by our Chief Executive Officer, who is our Chief Operating Decision Maker (“CODM”), the manner in which we assess operating performance and allocate resources, and the availability of separate financial information. We do not aggregate operating segments.

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The CODM reviews segment performance exclusive of the impact of the change in deferred net revenues and related cost of sales with respect to certain of our online-enabled games, stock-based compensation expense, restructuring expense, and amortization of intangible assets. The CODM does not review any information regarding total assets on an operating segment basis and, accordingly, no disclosure is made with respect thereto. Information on the operating segments and reconciliations of total segment net revenues and total segment income from operations to consolidated net revenues and income before income tax expense from external customers for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below (amounts in millions):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | | Nine months ended September 30, | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | Increase (Decrease) | 2012 | 2011 | Increase (Decrease) |
| Segment net revenues: | | | | | | |
| Activision | \$ 283 | \$ 253 | \$ 30 | \$ 928 | \$ 898 | \$ 30 |
| Blizzard | 414 | 297 | 117 | 1,299 | 968 | 331 |
| Distribution | 54 | 77 | (23) | 166 | 214 | (48) |
| Operating segment net revenue total | <u>751</u> | <u>627</u> | <u>124</u> | <u>2,393</u> | <u>2,080</u> | <u>313</u> |
| Reconciliation to consolidated net revenues: | | | | | | |
| Net effect from deferral of net revenues | 90 | 127 | | 695 | 1,268 | |
| Consolidated net revenues | <u>\$ 841</u> | <u>\$ 754</u> | | <u>\$ 3,088</u> | <u>\$ 3,348</u> | |
| Segment income from operations: | | | | | | |
| Activision | \$ (14) | \$ (36) | \$ 22 | \$ (84) | \$ 42 | \$ (126) |
| Blizzard | 168 | 120 | 48 | 629 | 425 | 204 |
| Distribution | — | 1 | (1) | — | 1 | (1) |
| Operating segment income from operations total | <u>154</u> | <u>85</u> | <u>69</u> | <u>545</u> | <u>468</u> | <u>77</u> |
| Reconciliation to consolidated operating income and consolidated income before income tax expense: | | | | | | |
| Net effect from deferral of net revenues and related cost of sales | 110 | 105 | | 514 | 943 | |
| Stock-based compensation expense | (34) | (18) | | (85) | (61) | |
| Restructuring | — | (3) | | — | (24) | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | (3) | (7) | | (7) | (22) | |
| Consolidated operating income | 227 | 162 | | 967 | 1,304 | |
| Investment and other income (expense), net | 1 | 3 | | 4 | 7 | |
| Consolidated income before income tax expense | <u>\$ 228</u> | <u>\$ 165</u> | | <u>\$ 971</u> | <u>\$ 1,311</u> | |

Segment Net Revenues

Activision

Activision's net revenues increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily due to revenues from *Skylanders Spyro's Adventure* (including toys and accessories associated with the Skylanders franchise) and memberships for *Call of Duty Elite*, both of which were launched in the fourth quarter of 2011. These increases in net revenues were partially offset by lower sales of Call of Duty downloadable content packs in 2012 than in 2011, and lower catalogue sales from Call of Duty titles.

Blizzard

Blizzard's net revenues increased significantly for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily due to the successful launch of both *Diablo III* and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*. The increase in net revenues was partially offset by lower *World of Warcraft* subscription revenues due to a lower number of subscribers in 2012.

At September 30, 2012, the worldwide subscriber* base for *World of Warcraft* was more than 10 million, compared to a subscriber base of 9.1 million at June 30, 2012, and 10.3 million at September 30, 2011. The sequential increase in subscribers for the three month period ended September 30, 2012 was attributable to the launch of the latest expansion pack, *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*, on September 25, 2012, which resulted in increases in both the East and the West (where the "East" includes China, Taiwan, and Korea, and the "West" includes North America, Europe and Latin America). Looking forward, Blizzard Entertainment expects to continue to deliver new game content in all regions that is intended to further appeal to the gaming community.

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*Consistent with past practice, *World of Warcraft* subscribers include individuals who have paid a subscription fee or have an active prepaid card to play *World of Warcraft*, as well as those who have purchased the game and are within their free month of access. Internet Game Room players who have accessed the game over the last thirty days are also counted as subscribers. The above definition excludes all players under free promotional subscriptions, expired or cancelled subscriptions, and expired prepaid cards. Subscribers in licensees' territories are defined along the same rules.

Distribution

Distribution's net revenues decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, which was largely due to the weak video game retail sales environment in Europe, particularly in the United Kingdom, as well as unfavorable movements in foreign exchange rates.

Segment Income from Operations

Activision

For the three months ended September 30, 2012, Activision's operating loss decreased as compared to the same period in 2011. The change was primarily driven by lower sales and marketing costs and general and administrative costs incurred in the third quarter of 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011. In the third quarter of 2011, sales and marketing costs were higher mainly to support the debut of *Call of Duty Elite*. General and administrative costs were also higher in 2011, primarily related to legal-related expenses.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, Activision's operating income decreased as compared to the same period in 2011. The decrease was primarily driven by a higher cost of sales relative to net revenues, as a greater mix of our business was generated through the retail channel versus the digital channel in 2012 compared to 2011. The success of the Skylanders franchise drove additional net revenues in the retail channel, while lower net revenues from Call of Duty downloadable content packs resulted in lower revenues in the digital channel for Activision Publishing. Further, operating income was negatively impacted by higher product development costs for future releases, higher sales and marketing costs related to the Skylanders franchise, and higher general and administrative costs, primarily resulting from legal-related expenses.

Blizzard

Blizzard's operating income increased for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily as a result of the increases in net revenues previously described. The increases were partially offset by higher cost of sales (consistent with higher net revenues), and higher sales and marketing expenses and other operating expenses associated with the launch of both *Diablo III* and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The analysis of revenues by distribution channel is presented both on a GAAP (including the impact from change in deferred revenues) and non-GAAP (excluding the impact from change in deferred revenues) basis. We use this non-GAAP measure internally when evaluating our operating performance, when planning, forecasting and analyzing future periods, and when assessing the performance of our management team. We believe this is appropriate because this non-GAAP measure enables an analysis of performance based on the timing of actual transactions with our customers, which is consistent with the way the Company is measured by investment analysts and industry data sources, and facilitates comparison of operating performance between periods. In addition, excluding the impact from change in deferred net revenue provides a much more timely indication of trends in our sales and other operating results. While we believe that this non-GAAP measure is useful in evaluating our business, this information should be considered as supplemental in nature and is not meant to be considered in isolation from, as a substitute for, or as more important than, the related financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. In addition, this non-GAAP financial measure may not be the same as any non-GAAP measure presented by another company. This non-GAAP financial measure has limitations in that it does not reflect all of the items associated with our GAAP revenues. We compensate for the limitations resulting from the exclusion of the change in deferred revenues by considering the impact of that item separately and by considering our GAAP, as well as non-GAAP, revenues.

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The following table provides a reconciliation between GAAP and non-GAAP net revenues by distribution channel for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (amounts in millions):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Increase (Decrease) | Nine months ended September 30, | | Increase (Decrease) |
|---|----------------------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | | 2012 | 2011 | |
| GAAP net revenues by distribution channel | | | | | | |
| Retail channels | \$ 357 | \$ 250 | \$ 107 | \$ 1,837 | \$ 1,856 | \$ (19) |
| Digital online channels(1) | 430 | 427 | 3 | 1,085 | 1,278 | (193) |
| Total Activision and Blizzard | 787 | 677 | 110 | 2,922 | 3,134 | (212) |
| Distribution | 54 | 77 | (23) | 166 | 214 | (48) |
| Total consolidated GAAP net revenues | 841 | 754 | 87 | 3,088 | 3,348 | (260) |
| Change in deferred net revenues(2) | | | | | | |
| Retail channels | (87) | (86) | | (832) | (1,240) | |
| Digital online channels(1) | (3) | (41) | | 137 | (28) | |
| Total changes in deferred net revenues | (90) | (127) | | (695) | (1,268) | |
| Non-GAAP net revenues by distribution channel | | | | | | |
| Retail channels | 270 | 164 | 106 | 1,005 | 616 | 389 |
| Digital online channels(1) | 427 | 386 | 41 | 1,222 | 1,250 | (28) |
| Total Activision and Blizzard | 697 | 550 | 147 | 2,227 | 1,866 | 361 |
| Distribution | 54 | 77 | (23) | 166 | 214 | (48) |
| Total non-GAAP net revenues (3) | \$ 751 | \$ 627 | \$ 124 | \$ 2,393 | \$ 2,080 | \$ 313 |

(1) We currently define digital online channels-related sales as revenues from subscriptions and licensing royalties, value-added services, downloadable content, digitally distributed products, and wireless devices.

(2) We have determined that some of our game's online functionality represents an essential component of gameplay and as a result a more-than-inconsequential separate deliverable. As such, we are required to recognize the revenues of these game titles over the estimated service periods, which may range from a minimum of five months to a maximum of less than a year. In the table above, we present the amount of net revenues for each period as a result of this accounting treatment.

(3) Total non-GAAP net revenues presented also represents our total operating segment net revenues.

GAAP net revenues from digital online channels for the three months ended September 30, 2012 increased slightly as compared to the same period in 2011. The increase was attributable to the full game digital download sales of *Diablo III* and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*, and revenues from *Call of Duty Elite* memberships. The increase was mostly offset by lower net revenues from Call of Duty downloadable content packs and lower revenues from *World of Warcraft* subscriptions. *World of Warcraft* subscription revenues were down due to a lower subscriber base year-over-year.

GAAP net revenues from retail channels for the three months ended September 30, 2012 increased as compared to the same period in 2011. The increase was primarily due to revenues from the launch of *Diablo III* and *Skylanders Spyro's Adventure*. The increase was partially offset by lower retail sales from our catalogue titles.

GAAP net revenues from digital online channels for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 decreased as compared to the same period in 2011. The decrease was mainly attributable to lower revenues from *World of Warcraft* subscriptions and lower net revenues from Call of Duty downloadable content packs. *World of Warcraft* subscription revenues were down due to a lower subscriber base year-over-year. The decrease was partially offset by the full game digital download sales of *Diablo III* and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*, and revenues from *Call of Duty Elite* memberships.

GAAP net revenues from retail channels for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 decreased as compared to the same period in 2011. The decrease was primarily driven by lower catalogue sales of Call of Duty titles as well as other titles, and lower catalogue revenues generated from *World of Warcraft: Cataclysm* and *Starcraft II: Wings of Liberty*, which were released in 2010. The decrease was partially offset by revenues from *Skylanders Spyro's Adventure*, *Diablo III* and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*.

Non-GAAP net revenues from digital online channels for the three months ended September 30, 2012 increased as compared to the same period in 2011, primarily due to sales of full game digital downloads of *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria* and *Diablo III* and *Call of Duty Elite* memberships. The increase was partially offset by lower revenues from *World of Warcraft* subscriptions and lower net revenues from Call of Duty downloadable content packs. *World of Warcraft* subscription revenues were down due to a lower subscriber base year-over-year.

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Non-GAAP net revenues from digital online channels for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 decreased as compared to the same period in 2011, primarily due to lower revenues from *World of Warcraft* subscriptions and lower net revenues from Call of Duty downloadable content packs. *World of Warcraft* subscription revenues were down due to a lower subscriber base year-over-year. The decrease was partially offset by revenues from the sale of full game digital downloads of *Diablo III* and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria* and revenues from *Call of Duty Elite* memberships.

Non-GAAP net revenues from retail channels increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011 as a result of higher revenues from *Skylanders Spyro's Adventure* and revenues from the launch of *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria* and *Diablo III*. These increases were partially offset by lower catalogue sales of Call of Duty titles and titles from other franchises.

Consolidated Results

Net Revenues by Geographic Region

The following table details our consolidated net revenues by geographic region for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (amounts in millions):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Increase (Decrease) | Nine months ended September 30, | | Increase (Decrease) |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | | 2012 | 2011 | |
| Geographic region net revenues: | | | | | | |
| North America | \$ 403 | \$ 360 | \$ 43 | \$ 1,567 | \$ 1,687 | \$ (120) |
| Europe | 333 | 323 | 10 | 1,220 | 1,385 | (165) |
| Asia Pacific | 105 | 71 | 34 | 301 | 276 | 25 |
| Consolidated net revenues | \$ 841 | \$ 754 | \$ 87 | \$ 3,088 | \$ 3,348 | \$ (260) |

The decreases in deferred net revenues recognized by geographic region for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 were as follows (amounts in millions):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Increase (Decrease) | Nine months ended September 30, | | Increase (Decrease) |
|--|----------------------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | | 2012 | 2011 | |
| Decrease in deferred revenues recognized by geographic region: | | | | | | |
| North America | \$ 49 | \$ 72 | \$ (23) | \$ 459 | \$ 703 | \$ (244) |
| Europe | 9 | 45 | (36) | 243 | 499 | (256) |
| Asia Pacific | 32 | 10 | 22 | (7) | 66 | (73) |
| Total impact on consolidated net revenues | \$ 90 | \$ 127 | \$ (37) | \$ 695 | \$ 1,268 | \$ (573) |

For the three months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011, net revenues across all regions increased, primarily due to revenues from *Diablo III*, *Skylanders Spyro's Adventures*, *Call of Duty Elite* memberships, and the launch of *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*. These positive impacts were partially offset by a decrease in revenues from *World of Warcraft* subscriptions and lower sales of Call of Duty downloadable content packs and catalogue sales.

As discussed above, the Company's net revenues in all regions for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011 were negatively impacted by the decrease in the *World of Warcraft* subscriber base year-over-year and lower sales of Call of Duty downloadable content packs and catalogue sales. Net revenues were also negatively impacted in Europe and Asia Pacific versus the prior year because we published *Lego Star Wars III* on behalf of Lucas Arts in Europe and certain countries in Asia Pacific in the first nine months of 2011, while no comparable title was so published in the first nine months of 2012. In North America and Europe, these negative factors were partially offset by sales from the launch of *Diablo III*, revenues from *Skylanders Spyro's Adventure*, revenues from the launch of *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*, and revenues from *Call of Duty Elite* memberships; in the Asia Pacific region, the relatively larger impact of sales of *Diablo III* resulted in an increase in net year-over-year revenues despite these factors.

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The decreases in deferred revenues recognized in the Europe and North America regions for the three months ended September 30, 2012, and all regions for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, as compared to the same periods in 2011 were primarily attributable to lower revenues from a lower *World of Warcraft* subscriber base, lower sales of Call of Duty digital downloadable content packs and catalogue titles, and lower catalogue sales of *World of Warcraft: Cataclysm* and *Starcraft II®: Wings of Liberty®*, as well as an increase in revenues deferred due to the launch of both *Diablo III* and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*. The decrease was partially offset by the recognition of deferred revenue from *Call of Duty: Modern Warfare 3*. The increase in deferred revenues recognized in Asia Pacific region for the three months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011 was mainly due to the recognition of revenues from the launch of *Diablo III*.

Foreign Exchange Impact

Changes in foreign exchange rates had a negative impact of approximately \$41 million and \$104 million on Activision Blizzard's net revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively, as compared to the same periods in 2011. The change is primarily due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar relative to the British pound, the Euro and the Australian dollar.

Net Revenues by Platform

The following tables detail our net revenues by platform and as a percentage of total consolidated net revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (amounts in millions):

| | Three months ended September 30, 2012 | % of total consolidated net revenues | Three months ended September 30, 2011 | % of total consolidated net revenues | Increase (Decrease) |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|------------------------|
| Platform net revenues: | | | | | |
| Online subscriptions ¹ | \$ 226 | 27% | \$ 336 | 44% | \$ (110) |
| PC and other ² | 314 | 37 | 45 | 6 | 269 |
| Console | | | | | |
| Sony PlayStation 3 | 81 | 10 | 100 | 14 | (19) |
| Microsoft Xbox 360 | 121 | 14 | 144 | 19 | (23) |
| Nintendo Wii | 25 | 3 | 33 | 4 | (8) |
| Total console | 227 | 27 | 277 | 37 | (50) |
| Handheld | 20 | 2 | 19 | 3 | 1 |
| Total platform net revenues | 787 | 93 | 677 | 90 | 110 |
| Distribution | 54 | 7 | 77 | 10 | (23) |
| Total consolidated net revenues | \$ 841 | 100% | \$ 754 | 100% | \$ 87 |

| | Nine months ended September 30, 2012 | % of total consolidated net revenues | Nine months ended September 30, 2011 | % of total consolidated net revenues | Increase (Decrease) |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|------------------------|
| Platform net revenues: | | | | | |
| Online subscriptions ¹ | \$ 701 | 23% | \$ 1,090 | 33% | \$ (389) |
| PC and Other ² | 727 | 24 | 251 | 8 | 476 |
| Console | | | | | |
| Sony PlayStation 3 | 617 | 20 | 686 | 20 | (69) |
| Microsoft Xbox 360 | 705 | 23 | 840 | 25 | (135) |
| Nintendo Wii | 108 | 3 | 185 | 6 | (77) |
| Total console | 1,430 | 46 | 1,711 | 51 | (281) |
| Handheld | 64 | 2 | 82 | 2 | (18) |
| Total platform net revenues | 2,922 | 95 | 3,134 | 94 | (212) |
| Distribution | 166 | 5 | 214 | 6 | (48) |
| Total consolidated net revenues | \$ 3,088 | 100% | \$ 3,348 | 100% | \$ (260) |

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The increase / (decrease) in deferred revenues recognized by platform for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 was as follows (amounts in millions):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Increase (Decrease) | Nine months ended September 30, | | Increase (Decrease) |
|--|----------------------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | | 2012 | 2011 | |
| Increase/(decrease) in deferred revenues recognized by platform: | | | | | | |
| Online subscriptions ¹ | \$ (119) | \$ 62 | \$ (181) | \$ (92) | \$ 185 | \$ (277) |
| PC and other ² | 165 | 5 | 160 | (126) | 129 | (255) |
| Console | | | | | | |
| Sony PlayStation 3 | 12 | 18 | (6) | 412 | 417 | (5) |
| Microsoft Xbox 360 | 30 | 36 | (6) | 469 | 440 | 29 |
| Nintendo Wii | 2 | 5 | (3) | 27 | 90 | (63) |
| Total console | 44 | 59 | (15) | 908 | 947 | (39) |
| Total handheld | — | 1 | (1) | 5 | 7 | (2) |
| Total impact on consolidated net revenues | \$ 90 | \$ 127 | \$ (37) | \$ 695 | \$ 1,268 | \$ (573) |

¹ Revenues from online subscriptions consists of revenue from all *World of Warcraft* products, including subscriptions, boxed products, expansion packs, licensing royalties, and value-added services, and revenues from *Call of Duty® Elite* memberships.

² Revenues from PC and other consists of net revenues from the sale of PC boxed products, *Skylanders* franchise standalone toys products, mobile sales and other physical merchandise and accessories.

Net revenues from online subscriptions decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily as a result of lower *World of Warcraft* subscription revenues, and lower Blizzard catalogue sales from *World of Warcraft: Cataclysm*, which was released in December 2010. The decrease was partially offset by revenues from *Call of Duty Elite* memberships and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*.

Net revenues from PC and other significantly increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily as a result of the continued strong performance of *Skylanders Spyro's Adventure* toys and accessories and the strong launch of *Diablo III*.

Net revenues from PS3 and Xbox 360 decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily due to lower revenues from *Call of Duty* downloadable content packs and catalogue sales, partially offset by the net revenues from *Skylanders Spyro's Adventure* and the new releases during the third quarter of 2012. Furthermore, net revenues from Nintendo Wii decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily due to overall weaker catalogue sales and fewer comparable releases.

The deferred revenues recognized for online subscriptions decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily due to revenues deferred from *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*, which launched on September 25, 2012, and lower revenues recognized from *World of Warcraft: Cataclysm*, which was released in December 2010, and were partially offset by revenues from *Call of Duty® Elite* memberships in 2012. The increase in deferred revenues recognized for PC and other for the three months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011 was mainly attributable to revenues recognized from the second quarter launch of *Diablo III*. The decrease in deferred revenues recognized for PC and other for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011 was primarily related to revenues deferred from the successful launch of *Diablo III* on May 15, 2012 and a decrease in revenues recognized from catalogue sales of *StarCraft II: Wings of Liberty*, which was released in July 2010.

The decreases in deferred revenues recognized for the Nintendo Wii for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily relate to overall weaker catalogue sales and fewer comparable releases.

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Costs and Expenses

Cost of Sales

The following tables detail the components of cost of sales in dollars and as a percentage of total consolidated net revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (amounts in millions):

| | <u>Three months ended September 30, 2012</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>Three months ended September 30, 2011</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Product costs | \$ 146 | 17% | \$ 138 | 18% | \$ 8 |
| Online subscriptions | 56 | 7 | 59 | 8 | (3) |
| Software royalties and amortization | 19 | 2 | 24 | 3 | (5) |
| Intellectual property licenses | 10 | 1 | 16 | 2 | (6) |

| | <u>Nine months ended September 30, 2012</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>Nine months ended September 30, 2011</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Product costs | \$ 633 | 21% | \$ 650 | 19% | \$ (17) |
| Online subscriptions | 178 | 6 | 181 | 5 | (3) |
| Software royalties and amortization | 107 | 4 | 133 | 4 | (26) |
| Intellectual property licenses | 37 | 1 | 69 | 2 | (32) |

Total cost of sales did not significantly change for the three months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011. Changes in each category of cost of sales year-over-year are generally in line with changes in revenues as well as the timing of the release of the underlying titles. In addition, lower amortization of intangible assets reduced cost of sales — intellectual property licenses for the three months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011.

Total cost of sales decreased for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011, consistent with the decrease in net revenues. The decrease was partially offset by the increased cost of sales from a higher mix of revenues coming from retail channels than digital channels in 2012 compared to 2011. In addition, lower amortization of intangible assets reduced cost of sales — intellectual property licenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Product Development (amounts in millions)

| | <u>September 30, 2012</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>September 30, 2011</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Three Months Ended | \$ 131 | 16% | \$ 133 | 18% | \$ (2) |
| Nine Months Ended | 407 | 13 | 390 | 12 | 17 |

Product development costs decreased slightly for the three months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011. This is primarily attributable to the increase in capitalized costs for Blizzard's release of *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*, which was released on September 30, 2012.

Product development costs increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011, primarily due to higher product development costs for future releases as well as additional costs related to severance payments. The increases were partially offset by an increase in capitalized costs for future titles as they reached technological feasibility.

[Table of Contents](#)*Sales and Marketing (amounts in millions)*

| | <u>September 30, 2012</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>September 30, 2011</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Three Months Ended | \$ 131 | 16% | \$ 115 | 15% | \$ 16 |
| Nine Months Ended | 346 | 11 | 264 | 8 | 82 |

Sales and marketing expenses increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily due to sales and marketing costs associated with the launch of both *Diablo III* and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*, as well as continued investments in our Skylanders franchise.

General and Administrative (amounts in millions)

| | <u>September 30, 2012</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>September 30, 2011</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Three Months Ended | \$ 121 | 14% | \$ 104 | 14% | \$ 17 |
| Nine Months Ended | 413 | 13 | 333 | 10 | 80 |

General and administrative expenses increased for the three months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011, principally due to higher stock-based compensation expenses.

General and administrative expenses increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011, principally due to higher legal-related expenses (including legal-related accruals, settlements, and fees), stock-based compensation expenses and additional accrued bonuses reflecting year-to-date performance.

Restructuring (amounts in millions)

| | <u>September 30, 2012</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>September 30, 2011</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Three Months Ended | \$ — | —% | \$ 3 | —% | \$ (3) |
| Nine Months Ended | — | — | 24 | 1 | (24) |

There were no material restructuring expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. The restructuring expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 relate to the restructuring plan authorized by the Company's Board of Directors on February 3, 2011.

Investment and other income (expense), net (amounts in millions)

| | <u>September 30, 2012</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>September 30, 2011</u> | <u>% of consolidated net revenues</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Three Months Ended | \$ 1 | —% | \$ 3 | —% | \$ (2) |
| Nine Months Ended | 4 | — | 7 | — | (3) |

Investment and other income (expense), net decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, as compared to the same periods in 2011, primarily due to lower yields earned on investments.

[Table of Contents](#)*Income Tax Expense (amounts in millions)*

| | <u>September 30, 2012</u> | <u>% of Pretax income</u> | <u>September 30, 2011</u> | <u>% of Pretax income</u> | <u>Increase (Decrease)</u> |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Three Months Ended | \$ 2 | 0.8% | \$ 17 | 10.7% | \$ (15) |
| Nine Months Ended | 176 | 18.1 | 325 | 24.8 | (149) |

The income tax expense of \$2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 reflected an effective tax rate of 0.8%, which differed from the effective tax rate of 10.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 primarily due to a tax benefit resulting from a federal income tax audit settlement allocated to us in the three months ended September 30, 2012 by a subsidiary of Vivendi S.A. (“Vivendi”), as further discussed below. The effective tax rate of 0.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 differed from the statutory rate of 35.0% primarily due to the tax benefit resulting from the federal income tax audit settlement, foreign income taxes levied at relatively lower rates, the geographic mix of our income, and recognition of California research and development credits and federal domestic production deductions. The federal research credit expired on December 31, 2011 and, as of September 30, 2012, an extension of the credit had not been signed into law, so we have excluded the benefit from this tax credit in our income tax calculation for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, the tax rate was based on our projected annual effective tax rate for 2012, and also included certain discrete tax items recorded during the period. Our tax expense of \$176 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 reflected an effective tax rate of 18.1%, which differed from the effective tax rate of 24.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 primarily due to the tax benefit resulting from the federal income tax audit settlement allocated to us in the three months ended September 30, 2012.

As previously disclosed, on July 9, 2008, a business combination occurred amongst Vivendi, the Company and certain of their respective subsidiaries pursuant to which Vivendi Games, Inc. (“Vivendi Games”), then a member of the consolidated U.S. tax group of Vivendi’s subsidiary, Vivendi Holdings I Corp. (“VHI”), became a subsidiary of the Company. As a result of the business combination, the favorable tax attributes of Vivendi Games, Inc. carried forward to the Company. In late August 2012, VHI settled a federal income tax audit with the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) for the tax years ended December 31, 2002, 2003, and 2004. In connection with the settlement agreement, VHI’s consolidated federal net operating loss carryovers were adjusted and allocated to various companies that were part of its consolidated group during the relevant periods. This allocation resulted in a \$132 million federal net operating loss allocation to Vivendi Games. In September 2012, the Company filed an amended tax return for its December 31, 2008 tax year to utilize these additional federal net operating losses allocated as a result of the aforementioned settlement, resulting in the recording of a one-time tax benefit of \$46 million. Prior to the settlement, and given the uncertainty of the VHI audit, the Company had insufficient information to allow it to record or disclose any information related to the audit until the quarter ended September 30, 2012.

The overall effective income tax rate for the year could be different from the effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and will be dependent, in part, on our profitability for the remainder of the year. In addition, our effective income tax rates for the remainder of 2012 and future periods will depend on a variety of factors, such as changes in the mix of income by tax jurisdiction, applicable accounting rules, applicable tax laws and regulations, and rulings and interpretations thereof, developments in tax audits and other matters, and variations in the estimated and actual level of annual pre-tax income or loss. Further, the effective tax rate could fluctuate significantly on a quarterly basis and could be adversely affected by the extent that income (loss) before income tax expenses (benefit) is lower than anticipated in foreign regions where taxes are levied at relatively lower statutory rates and/or higher than anticipated in the United States where taxes are levied at relatively higher statutory rates.

The IRS is currently examining the Company’s federal tax returns for the 2009 tax year. The Company also has several state and non-U.S. audits pending. Vivendi Games is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations for tax years before 2004 or state examinations for tax years before 2000. Although the final resolution of the Company’s global tax disputes is uncertain, based on current information, in the opinion of the Company’s management, the ultimate resolution of these matters are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company’s consolidated financial position, liquidity or results of operations. However, an unfavorable resolution of the Company’s global tax disputes could have a material adverse effect on the Company’s business and results of operations in an interim period in which the matters are ultimately resolved.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Sources of Liquidity (amounts in millions)

| | At September 30, 2012 | At December 31, 2011 | Increase (Decrease) |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,909 | \$ 3,165 | \$ (256) |
| Short-term investments | 455 | 360 | 95 |
| | <u>\$ 3,364</u> | <u>\$ 3,525</u> | <u>\$ (161)</u> |

| | | |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|
| Percentage of total assets | 27% | 27% |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|

| | Nine months ended September 30, | | Increase (Decrease) |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities | \$ 369 | \$ 102 | \$ 267 |
| Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities | (145) | 210 | (355) |
| Cash flows used in financing activities | (490) | (658) | 168 |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes | 10 | 3 | 7 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$ (256)</u> | <u>\$ (343)</u> | <u>\$ 87</u> |

Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities

The primary drivers of cash flows provided by operating activities have typically included the collection of customer receivables generated by the sale of our products and our subscription revenues, partially offset by payments to vendors for the manufacturing, distribution and marketing of our products, payments to third-party developers and intellectual property holders, tax liabilities, and payments to our workforce. A significant operating use of our cash relates to our continued focus on customer service for our subscriber services and investment in software development and intellectual property licenses. Cash flows provided by operating activities increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011. The increase was primarily attributable to lower payment of taxes than for the same period in 2011, as well as the collection of receivables from the successful launch of both *Diablo III* and *World of Warcraft: Mists of Pandaria*.

Cash Flows Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities

The primary drivers of cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities have typically included capital expenditures, the net effect of purchases and sales/maturities of short-term investments and acquisitions. Cash flows related to investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 mainly reflected the purchase of \$382 million of short-term investments, the receipt of \$305 million in proceeds from the maturities of investments, the majority of which consisted of U.S. treasury and government sponsored agency debt securities, and capital expenditures of \$46 million, primarily for property and equipment. More cash was used in investing activities, when comparing the nine months ended September 30, 2012 to the same period in 2011, primarily due to the decrease in proceeds received from maturity of short-term investments.

Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities

The primary drivers of cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities have historically related to transactions involving our common stock, including the issuance of shares of common stock to employees in connection with stock option exercises, payment of dividends and the repurchase of our common stock. We have not utilized debt financing as a source of cash flows. Cash flows used in financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 primarily reflected the repurchase of 26 million shares of our common stock for an aggregated purchase price of \$315 million and the payment of an aggregate of \$204 million related to a cash dividend. The repurchases were partially offset by \$25 million of proceeds from the issuance of shares of our common stock to employees in connection with stock option exercises. Cash flows used in financing activities were lower for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011, primarily due to the decreased amount of share repurchases.

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Other Liquidity and Capital Resources

In addition to cash flows provided by operating activities, our primary source of liquidity was \$3.4 billion of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments at September 30, 2012. With our cash and cash equivalents and expected cash flows provided by operating activities, we believe that we have sufficient liquidity to meet daily operations in the foreseeable future. We also believe that we have sufficient working capital (\$3.1 billion at September 30, 2012) to finance our operational requirements for at least the next twelve months, including purchases of inventory and equipment, the development, production, marketing and sale of new products, the provision of customer service for our subscribers, the acquisition of intellectual property rights for future products from third parties, and the funding of our stock repurchase program and dividends.

As of September 30, 2012, the amount of cash and cash equivalents held outside of the U.S. by our foreign subsidiaries was \$2.1 billion, compared with \$1.6 billion as of December 31, 2011. If these funds are needed for our operations in the U.S., we would be required to accrue and pay U.S. taxes to repatriate these funds. However, our intent is to permanently reinvest these funds outside of the U.S. and our current plans do not demonstrate a need to repatriate them to fund our U.S. operations.

Capital Expenditures

For the year ending December 31, 2012, we anticipate total capital expenditures of approximately \$90 million, primarily for property and equipment. Through the first nine months of 2012, we made aggregate capital expenditures of \$46 million.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

At both September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, Activision Blizzard had no significant relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial parties, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes, that have or are reasonably likely to have a material future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operation, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

Financial Disclosure

We maintain internal controls over financial reporting, which generally include those controls relating to the preparation of our financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”). We also are focused on our “disclosure controls and procedures,” which, as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”), are generally those controls and procedures designed to ensure that financial and non-financial information required to be disclosed in our reports filed with the SEC is reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms, and that such information is communicated to management, including our principal executive and financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our Disclosure Committee, which operates under the Board-approved Disclosure Committee Charter and Disclosure Controls & Procedures Policy, includes senior management representatives and assists executive management in its oversight of the accuracy and timeliness of our disclosures, as well as in implementing and evaluating our overall disclosure process. As part of our disclosure process, senior finance and operational representatives from all of our corporate divisions and business units prepare quarterly reports regarding their current quarter operational performance, future trends, subsequent events, internal controls, changes in internal controls and other accounting and disclosure relevant information. These quarterly reports are reviewed by certain key corporate finance executives. These corporate finance representatives also conduct quarterly interviews on a rotating basis with the preparers of selected quarterly reports. The results of the quarterly reports and related interviews are reviewed by the Disclosure Committee. Finance representatives also conduct reviews with our senior management team, our legal counsel and other appropriate personnel involved in the disclosure process, as appropriate. Additionally, senior finance and operational representatives provide internal certifications regarding the accuracy of information they provide that is utilized in the preparation of our periodic public reports filed with the SEC. Financial results and other financial information also are reviewed with the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. As required by applicable regulatory requirements, the principal executive and financial officers review and make various certifications regarding the accuracy of our periodic public reports filed with the SEC, our disclosure controls and procedures, and our internal control over financial reporting. With the assistance of the Disclosure Committee, we will continue to assess and monitor, and make refinements to, our disclosure controls and procedures, and our internal controls over financial reporting.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). These accounting principles require us to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions. We believe that the estimates, judgments and assumptions upon which we rely are reasonable based upon information available to us at the time that these estimates, judgments and assumptions are made. These estimates, judgments and assumptions can affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. To the extent there are material differences between these estimates, judgments or assumptions and actual results, our financial statements will be affected. The accounting policies that reflect our more significant estimates, judgments and assumptions and which we believe are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results include the following:

- Accounting for Income Taxes

We record a tax provision for the anticipated tax consequences of the reported results of operations. In accordance with FASB income tax guidance ("ASC Topic 740"), the provision for income taxes is computed using the asset and liability method, under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating losses and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. We record a valuation allowance to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount that is believed more likely than not to be realized.

Management believes it is more likely than not that forecasted income, including income that may be generated as a result of certain tax planning strategies, together with the tax effects of the deferred tax liabilities, will be sufficient to fully recover the remaining deferred tax assets. In the event that all or part of the net deferred tax assets are determined not to be realizable in the future, an adjustment to the valuation allowance would be charged to earnings in the period such determination is made. The calculation of tax liabilities involves significant judgment in estimating the impact of uncertainties in the application of ASC Topic 740 and other complex tax laws. Resolution of these uncertainties in a manner inconsistent with management's expectations could have a material impact on our business and results of operations in an interim period in which the uncertainties are ultimately resolved.

Significant judgment is required in evaluating our uncertain tax positions and determining our provision for income taxes. Although we believe our reserves are reasonable, no assurance can be given that the final tax outcome of these matters will not be different from that which is reflected in our historical income tax provisions and accruals. We adjust these reserves in light of changing facts and circumstances, such as the closing of a tax audit or the refinement of an estimate. To the extent that the final tax outcome of these matters is different than the amounts recorded, such differences will impact the provision for income taxes in the period in which such determination is made. The provision for income taxes includes the impact of reserve provisions and changes to reserves that are considered appropriate, as well as the related net interest and penalties.

Our provision for income taxes is subject to volatility and could be adversely impacted by earnings being lower than anticipated in foreign regions where taxes are levied at relatively lower statutory rates and/or higher than anticipated in the United States where taxes are levied at relatively higher statutory rates; by changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets and liabilities; by expiration of or lapses in the R&D tax credit laws; by tax effects of nondeductible compensation; by tax costs related to intercompany realignments; by changes in accounting principles; or by changes in tax laws and regulations including possible U.S. changes to the taxation of earnings of our foreign subsidiaries, the deductibility of expenses attributable to foreign income, or the foreign tax credit rules. Significant judgment is required to determine the recognition and measurement attributes prescribed in the accounting guidance for uncertainty in income taxes. The accounting guidance for uncertainty in income taxes applies to all income tax positions, including the potential recovery of previously paid taxes, which if settled unfavorably could adversely impact our provision for income taxes or additional paid-in capital. In addition, we are subject to the continuous examination of our income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and other tax authorities. We regularly assess the likelihood of adverse outcomes resulting from these examinations to determine the adequacy of our provision for income taxes. There can be no assurance that the outcomes from these continuous examinations will not have an adverse impact on our operating results and financial condition.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2012, there were no significant changes to the following critical accounting policies and estimates. Refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 for a more complete discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates.

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- Revenue Recognition
- Allowances for Returns, Price Protection, Doubtful Accounts, and Inventory Obsolescence
- Software Development Costs and Intellectual Property Licenses
- Fair Value Estimates
- Goodwill and Intangible Assets — Impairment Assessments
- Stock-Based Compensation

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment

In July 2012, the FASB issued an update to the authoritative guidance related to testing indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. This update gives an entity the option to first consider certain qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not that the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is less than its carrying amount as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the quantitative impairment test. This update is effective for the indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment test performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. We do not expect that the adoption of this guidance will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Fair value measurements and disclosures

Effective January 1, 2012, we adopted an update to the accounting rules for fair value measurement. The new accounting principal establishes a consistent definition of fair value in an effort to ensure that the fair value measurement and disclosure requirements between U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) are comparable. This update changes certain fair value measurement principles and enhances the disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. This update does not extend the use of fair value accounting, but provides guidance on how it should be applied where its use was already required or permitted by other standards within U.S. GAAP or IFRS. This update is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011 and is applied prospectively. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have a material impact on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying disclosures.

Statement of comprehensive income

Effective January 1, 2012, we adopted the FASB issued authoritative guidance on the presentation of comprehensive income. This update requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders’ equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This update does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have a material impact on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying disclosures.

Goodwill impairment

Effective January 1, 2012, the Company adopted an update to the authoritative guidance related to goodwill impairment testing. This update gives companies the option to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount before performing the two-step test mandated prior to the update. If, after assessing the totality of events and circumstances, a company determines it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then it must perform the two-step test. Otherwise, a company may skip the two-step test. Companies are not required to perform the qualitative assessment and may, instead proceed directly to the first step of the two-part test. The adoption of this updated guidance does not have a material impact on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market risk is the potential loss arising from fluctuations in market rates and prices. Our market risk exposures primarily include fluctuations in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and market prices.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

We transact business in many different foreign currencies and may be exposed to financial market risk resulting from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Revenues and related expenses generated from our international operations are generally denominated in their respective local currencies. Primary currencies include euros, British pounds, Australian dollars, South Korean won, and Swedish krona. Currency volatility is monitored throughout the year. To mitigate our foreign currency exchange rate exposure resulting from our foreign currency-denominated monetary assets, liabilities and earnings, we periodically enter into currency derivative contracts, principally swaps and forward contracts with maturities of twelve months or less.

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Vivendi is our principal counterparty and the risks of counterparty non-performance associated with these contracts are not considered to be material. We expect to continue to use economic hedge programs in the future to reduce foreign exchange-related volatility if it is determined that such hedging activities are appropriate to reduce risk. We do not hold or purchase any foreign currency contracts for trading or speculative purposes. All foreign currency economic hedging transactions are backed, in amount and by maturity, by an identified economic underlying item. Our foreign exchange forward contracts are not designated as hedging instruments and are accounted for as derivatives whereby the fair value of the contracts are reported as other current assets or other current liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets, and the associated gains and losses from changes in fair value are reported in investment and other income (expense), net and general and administrative expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The gross notional amount of outstanding foreign exchange swaps was \$901 million and \$85 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. A pre-tax net unrealized gain of \$4 million and a loss of less than \$1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and a pre-tax net unrealized gain of \$3 million and a loss of less than \$1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, resulted from the foreign exchange contracts and swaps with Vivendi and were recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The consolidated statements of operations are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates indicative of market rates during each applicable period. To the extent the U.S. dollar strengthens against foreign currencies, the translation of these foreign currency-denominated transactions results in reduced revenues, operating expenses, and net income from our international operations. Similarly, our revenues, operating expenses, and net income will increase for our international operations if the U.S. dollar weakens against foreign currencies. In the absence of the hedging activities described above, as of September 30, 2012, a hypothetical adverse foreign currency exchange rate movement of 10% would have resulted in potential declines in our net income of approximately \$64 million. This sensitivity analysis assumes a parallel adverse shift of all foreign currency exchange rates against the U.S. dollar; however, all foreign currency exchange rates do not always move in such manner and actual results may differ materially.

Interest Rate Risk

Our exposure to market rate risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our investment portfolio. We do not use derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate risk in our investment portfolio. Our investment portfolio consists primarily of debt instruments with high credit quality and relatively short average maturities and money market funds that invest in securities issued by governments with highly-rated sovereign debt. Because short-term securities mature relatively quickly and must be reinvested at the then current market rates, interest income on a portfolio consisting of cash, cash equivalents or short-term securities is more subject to market fluctuations than a portfolio of longer term securities. Conversely, the fair value of such a portfolio is less sensitive to market fluctuations than a portfolio of longer term securities. At September 30, 2012, our \$2.9 billion of cash and cash equivalents were comprised primarily of money market funds. At September 30, 2012, our \$455 million of short-term investments included \$417 million of U.S. treasury and government-sponsored agency debt securities and \$38 million of restricted cash. We had \$19 million in auction rate securities at fair value classified as long-term investments at September 30, 2012. The Company has determined that, based on the composition of our investment portfolio as of September 30, 2012, there was no material interest rate risk exposure to the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows as of that date.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Definition and Limitations of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) are designed to reasonably ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance that it will detect or uncover failures within the Company to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in our periodic reports. Inherent limitations to any system of disclosure controls and procedures include, but are not limited to, the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of such controls by one or more persons. In addition, we have designed our system of controls based on certain assumptions, which we believe are reasonable, about the likelihood of future events, and our system of controls may therefore not achieve its desired objectives under all possible future events.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures at September 30, 2012, the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, at September 30, 2012, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized, and reported on a timely basis, and (ii) accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings and claims. FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 450 governs the disclosure of loss contingencies and accrual of loss contingencies in respect of litigation and other claims. The Company records an accrual for a potential loss when it is probable that a loss will occur and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. When the reasonable estimate of the potential loss is within a range of amounts, the minimum of the range of potential loss is accrued, unless a higher amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount within the range. Moreover, even if an accrual is not required, the Company provides additional disclosure related to litigation and other claims when it is reasonably possible (i.e., more than remote) that the outcomes of such litigation and other claims include potential material adverse impacts on the Company. The outcomes of legal proceedings and other claims are subject to significant uncertainties, many of which are outside the Company's control. There is significant judgment required in the analysis of these matters, including the probability determination and whether a potential exposure can be reasonably estimated. In making these determinations, the Company, in consultation with outside counsel, examines the relevant facts and circumstances on a quarterly basis assuming, as applicable, a combination of settlement and litigated outcomes and strategies. Moreover, legal matters are inherently unpredictable and the timing of development of factors on which reasonable judgments and estimates can be based can be slow. As such, there can be no assurance that the final outcome of these matters will not materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity.

We are party to routine claims and suits brought by us and against us in the ordinary course of business, including disputes arising over intellectual property rights, contractual claims, employment laws, regulations and relationships, and collection matters. In the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, such routine claims and lawsuits are not significant and we do not expect them to have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The reader should carefully consider, in connection with the other information in this report, the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A: Risk Factors" of the Company's 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K. These factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those stated in forward-looking statements contained in this document and elsewhere.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the accompanying Exhibit Index are hereby incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 7, 2012

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC.

/s/ DENNIS DURKIN

Dennis Durkin
*Chief Financial Officer and
Principal Financial Officer of
Activision Blizzard, Inc.*

/s/ STEPHEN WEREB

Stephen Werek
*Chief Accounting Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer of
Activision Blizzard, Inc.*

EXHIBIT INDEX

| <u>Exhibit Number</u> | <u>Exhibit</u> |
|-----------------------|--|
| 3.1 | Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Activision Blizzard, Inc., dated July 9, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Form 8-K, filed July 15, 2008). |
| 3.2 | Certificate of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Activision Blizzard, Inc., dated August 15, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Form 8-K, filed August 15, 2008). |
| 3.3 | Amended and Restated By-Laws of Activision Blizzard, Inc., as amended and restated as of February 2, 2010 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Form 8-K, filed February 5, 2010). |
| 10.1* | Amendment, dated as of September 18, 2012, to Employment Agreement between Brian Hodous and the Company. |
| 10.2* | CEO Recognition Program. |
| 10.3* | 2012 Corporate Annual Incentive Plan. |
| 31.1 | Certification of Robert A. Kotick pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31.2 | Certification of Dennis Durkin pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.1 | Certification of Robert A. Kotick pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.2 | Certification of Dennis Durkin pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document. |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document. |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document. |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document. |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document. |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document. |

* Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement in which a director or executive officer of the Company participates.

Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011; (v) Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2012; and (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Amendment #2 to the Employment Agreement
Between Brian Hodous and Activision Publishing, Inc.**

This Amendment #2 to the Employment Agreement (“*Amendment #2*”) is effective as of September 18, 2012, by and between Brian Hodous (“*Employee*”) and Activision Publishing, Inc. (“*Employer*”), a subsidiary of Activision Blizzard, Inc. (“*Activision Blizzard*”) and, together with its subsidiaries, the “*Activision Blizzard Group*”). All capitalized terms shall have the same meaning set forth in the Employment Agreement (as defined below).

RECITALS:

Employee and Employer entered into an Employment Agreement dated as of July 31, 2009, which was amended August 1, 2011 (“*Amendment #1*”) (collectively the “*Employment Agreement*”).

Employee and Employer desire to amend the Employment Agreement in certain respects as set forth herein.

AGREEMENT:

The parties hereby agree to amend the terms of the Employment Agreement. Except as specifically set forth in this Amendment #2, the Employment Agreement shall remain unmodified and in full force and effect. If any term or provision of the Employment Agreement is contradictory to, or inconsistent with, any term or provision of this Amendment #2, then the terms of this Amendment #2 shall in all events control. The amended terms are as follows:

1. **Term of Employment.** In Section 1(a), the Expiration Date is changed from March 31, 2013 to March 31, 2015.
2. **Compensation.** Section 2(b) shall now read:

“(b) Commencing on March 3, 2013, you shall receive an annual base salary (“*Base Salary*”) of \$660,000.00, which shall be paid in accordance with the Employer’s payroll policies. Your Base Salary shall be reviewed periodically and may be increased by an amount determined by the Employer, in its sole and absolute discretion.”

3. **Compensation.** Section 2(f) is hereby added to the Employment Agreement and shall read as follows:

“(f) Subject to the approval of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of Activision Blizzard (the “*Compensation Committee*”), Activision Blizzard will grant to you a non-qualified stock option to purchase 50,000 shares of Activision Blizzard’s common stock (the “*2012 Option*”), 50,000 restricted share units which represent the conditional right to receive shares of Activision Blizzard’s common stock (the “*2012 RSUs*,”), and 50,000 performance-vesting restricted share units which represent the right to receive shares of Activision Blizzard’s common stock (the “*2012 Performance Share Units*,” and collectively with the 2012 Option and the 2012 RSUs, the “*2012 Equity Awards*”).

- (i) The 2012 Option will vest in full on March 30, 2015, subject to your remaining employed by the Activision Blizzard Group through the applicable vesting date.
- (ii) The 2012 RSUs will vest in full on March 30, 2015, subject to your remaining employed by the Activision Blizzard Group through such vesting date.
- (iii) Subject to your remaining employed by the Activision Blizzard Group through March 30, 2015, the 2012 Performance Share Units will vest in full on March 30, 2015, as determined by the Compensation Committee, as follows: (1) one-half of the 2012 Performance Share Units will vest if, and only if, the Compensation Committee determines that non-GAAP operating income for Activision Blizzard (the “**Original Business Unit**”) is greater than or equal to the non-GAAP annual operating plan operating income objective for the Original Business Unit as established by the Board of Directors, (the “**Performance Objective**”) for fiscal year 2013; and (2) one-half of the 2012 Performance Share Units will vest if, and only if, the Compensation Committee determines that the Performance Objective is met for fiscal year 2014. If, prior to the vesting of any portion of the 2012 Performance Share Units, as provided for in this provision, your primary job responsibilities are changed to a different business unit (the “**New Business Unit**”), then the Company, in its sole discretion, may substitute the New Business Unit’s non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP annual operating plan operating income objective, as established by the Board of Directors, for those of the Original Business Unit for the relevant fiscal year(s) to which the change applies, for purposes of determining whether or not the conditions of the unvested 2012 Performance Share Units have been satisfied.

You acknowledge that the grant of 2012 Equity Awards pursuant to this Section 2(e) is expressly conditioned upon approval by the Compensation Committee, and that the Compensation Committee has discretion to approve or disapprove the grants and/or to determine and make modifications to the terms of the grants. The 2012 Equity Awards shall be subject to all terms of the equity incentive plan pursuant to which they are granted (the “**Incentive Plan**”), the Employer’s Executive Stock Ownership Guidelines (including, but not limited to, all of the limitations on equity awards described therein) which are attached as Exhibit B, and Activision Blizzard’s standard forms of award agreement (as modified to the extent necessary to reflect the provisions of Section 10). In the event of a conflict between this Agreement and the terms of the Incentive Plan or award agreements, the Incentive Plan or the award agreements, as applicable, shall govern. These 2012 Equity Awards, if and when approved by the Compensation Committee, shall be in addition to any previous equity incentive awards made to you.”

4. **Termination of Obligations and Severance Payments.** Section 11, specifically including Sections 11(b)(iv), 11(c)(iv), 11(d)(ii) and 11(e) (iii), shall be modified as follows:

- a. Where the reference to “Equity Awards and 2011 Equity Awards” appears, it shall now read “Equity Awards, 2011 Equity Awards, and 2012 Equity Awards.”
- b. Where the reference to “Option” appears, it shall now read “Option and 2012 Option.”
- c. Where the reference to “RSUs” appears, it shall now read “RSUs and 2012 RSUs.”
- d. Where the sentence “All vested RSUs and Performance RSUs shall be paid in accordance with their terms” appears, it shall now read “All vested RSUs, Performance RSUs, and 2012 Performance Share Units shall be paid in accordance with their terms.”

AGREED AND ACCEPTED:

Employer

Employee

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC.

By: /s/ Humam Sakhnini
Humam Sakhnini
Chief Strategy and Talent Officer

/s/ Brian Hodous
Brian Hodous

Date: September 18, 2012

Date: September 18, 2012

Activision Blizzard CEO Recognition Program

Purpose: The purpose of the CEO Recognition Program (the “Program”) is to afford the Chief Executive Officer (the “CEO”) of Activision Blizzard, Inc. (the “Company”) the real-time opportunity to recognize outstanding performance and contributions by employees of Activision Blizzard, Inc., or any of its subsidiaries (the “Activision Blizzard Group”), in a personalized and meaningful way.

Effective Date: The Program is effective upon adoption by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the “Compensation Committee”), and shall remain in place until the CEO or the Compensation Committee determines otherwise.

Eligibility: All employees of the Activision Blizzard Group, regardless of level, position or location, are potentially eligible to receive awards under the Program. However, if before an award is delivered, the Company determines that the recipient of an award has violated a) any Activision Blizzard Group policy, procedure, rule, or regulation during his or her employment; or b) any post-employment restriction, including but not limited to a restriction on solicitation, the employee will be deemed ineligible for payment, except as otherwise required by law or as determined otherwise by the CEO, in his or her discretion. This Program and the rights and obligations hereunder shall not be assignable or transferable by any employee, unless provided for otherwise by the Company in writing and signed by the CEO.

Determination of Awards: Subject to the other terms and conditions of the Program, the CEO has the sole and final discretion to determine which employees will receive awards under the Program as well as the amount and nature of the awards. Awards may be granted in cash or goods or services. Cash awards will be paid via the employing entity’s normal payroll process. Awards of goods or services may be paid via direct invoice to the Company by the vendor of the goods or services or via reimbursement request issued by the CEO’s office.

Bonus Pool: For each year, the total value of recognition awards granted by the CEO to executive officers (i.e. employees subject to Compensation Committee oversight) will not exceed \$1,000,000 and the total value of recognition awards granted by the CEO to any individual executive officer (i.e. employees subject to Compensation Committee oversight) will not exceed \$25,000. The total and individual annual values of recognition awards to employees other than executive officers will be left to the CEO’s reasonable discretion.

Record Keeping: The CEO’s office will keep accurate records of all recognition awards granted by the CEO under the Program, including the recipient, value and nature of each award. The

CEO's office will inform the Company's Chief Compliance Officer of any awards that are made to executive officers to ensure those awards are accurately reflected in the Company's proxy disclosure, if applicable. The CEO may delegate these recordkeeping responsibilities to another individual or office in the Company as he or she deems appropriate.

Taxation: As cash awards will be subject to applicable taxes and withholdings, recipients will receive a net amount after taxes. The Company will gross-up (at a rate determined by the Company in its discretion) the recipients of awards made in the form of goods or services via the issuance of a separate cash payment to the recipient or to the IRS on behalf of the recipient. The amount of any gross ups will not count against the \$1,000,000 total or the \$25,000 individual annual Program limits with respect to executive officers. The Company will include the fair market value of any award granted in goods in services and the gross-up amount in the employees annual IRS Form W-2. The Company will issue any additional tax documents to award recipients as well as comply with all tax reporting obligations to the applicable jurisdictions.

Not a Contract: The Program is not a contract between the Activision Blizzard Group and an employee; the Program does not confer upon any such individual the right to continued employment. For individuals not employed pursuant to an employment agreement, this Program in no way alters the at-will employment status of his or her employment. An employee or his or her employer may terminate employment at any time, with or without cause or notice, unless an employee's employment agreement states otherwise.

Effect on Other Activision Blizzard Group Benefits Programs: No recognition bonus payment under this Program will be considered salary or other compensation paid to an employee for purposes of computing any benefits to which he may be entitled under any employee benefit or retirement plan which may be maintained by the Activision Blizzard Group from time to time, except for those benefit plans which explicitly provide for otherwise. Participation in this Program does not confer rights to participation in other programs which may be maintained by the Activision Blizzard Group from time to time, including but not limited to other annual or long-term incentive plans, non-qualified retirement or deferred compensation plans or other executive perquisite programs.

Termination of the Program: The CEO retains sole discretion to amend, suspend, or terminate the Program, in whole or in part, at any time and for any reason, subject to Compensation Committee oversight.

Governing Law: This Program shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of California, or the state in which an employee was last employed by the Activision Blizzard Group, without regard to conflict of law principles.

Severability: If any provision of this Program is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable, such provisions shall be fully severable, the Program shall be construed and enforced as if such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision had never comprised a part of this Program, and the remaining provisions of this Program shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be affected by the illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision or by its severance from this Program. Furthermore, in lieu of such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision, there shall be added automatically as part of this Program a legal and enforceable provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision as may be possible.

Activision Blizzard, Inc.
U.S. Corporate Annual Incentive Plan

I. **Introduction:** Activision Blizzard, Inc. (“Activision Blizzard” or “Company”, and together with its subsidiaries, the “Activision Blizzard Group”), is the sponsor of this U.S. Corporate Annual Incentive Plan (“CAIP” or “Plan”). The Plan is completely discretionary, and Activision Blizzard, acting through the Governing Committee (as defined in Paragraph III.B. below) or as otherwise determined by Activision Blizzard, always retains the authority to act within its discretion in all aspects of operating this Plan (even if not explicitly stated in any specific provision below). Although the provisions of the Plan as described below reflect the current methodology by which Activision Blizzard operates the Plan, Activision Blizzard retains the right to change, amend, or terminate the Plan at any time with or without notice, and regardless of whether or not work has been initiated or even completed with respect to goals or objectives. Activision Blizzard retains the exclusive right to interpret the Plan in its sole discretion, and its determination will be final and binding. Any and all exceptions to the operation of this Plan will be determined solely by the Governing Committee or the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of Activision Blizzard (the “Compensation Committee”), as appropriate pursuant to the then-current governance practices of the Activision Blizzard Group in effect at the time the decision is made.

II. **Effective Date and Location:** This Plan is effective as of Fiscal Year 2012¹, and shall remain effective until Activision Blizzard determines otherwise. The Plan is applicable only in the U.S.

III. **Eligibility:** All U.S. employees (except as provided for in subparagraph A below) of the Activision Blizzard Group are eligible to receive an annual incentive bonus payment under the Plan for a “Plan Year”, if and only if that the individual is allocated an award by either the “Governing Committee” or the Compensation Committee. For purposes of this Plan, a “Plan Year” will run concurrent with the fiscal year. Since the incentive bonus rewards not only success, but also continued service and ongoing contributions to the Activision Blizzard Group, an employee is eligible to receive and may earn an incentive bonus payment only if he or she is employed with the Activision Blizzard Group on the incentive bonus payment date with respect to such bonus payment.

A. **Eligibility Exceptions:**

1) Employees who begin employment with the Activision Blizzard Group after September 30th are ineligible to participate for that Plan Year;

2) Temporary employees of the Activision Blizzard Group (whether or not party to a temporary employment agreement) are ineligible to participate; and

3) As a general principle, employees who participate in other Activision Blizzard Group bonus plans, such as a studio retention and incentive bonus plan or the Blizzard Entertainment Profit Sharing Plan, will not be allocated an award under this Plan.

B. **Governing Committee:** The Governing Committee generally will be comprised of the following individuals, or any other individuals designated by the executive management team of

¹ Note: Activision Blizzard’s fiscal year runs concurrent with the calendar year.

Activision Blizzard from time to time: 1) the Chief Operating Officer of Activision Blizzard, 2) the Chief Financial Officer of Activision Blizzard, 3) the Chief Executive Officer of Activision Publishing ("CEO"), 4) the Chief Strategy and Talent Officer of Activision Blizzard, and 5) the Chief Legal Officer of Activision Blizzard.

C. No Entitlement: No employee shall be entitled to a payment pursuant to this Plan under any circumstances unless and until a payment actually is made. Specifically, prior notification of the Plan itself or individual Plan eligibility, or prior participation in the Plan, does not create any entitlement to future participation.

IV. Funding:

A. The Plan will fund at a discretionary level determined by the Company for a Plan Year (hereinafter, the "Pool") if the Compensation Committee determines that the Company's actual operating income ("OI", as defined by the Company) for that fiscal year equals or exceeds 85% of the target goal amount set forth in the Company's annual operating plan ("AOP"). This determination is typically made by the Compensation Committee in the first quarter of the fiscal year following the Plan Year (e.g., for a 2012 Plan Year, the determination will be made in Q1 2013). The Company retains the option of funding the Plan even in the event that it is determined that less than 85% of the AOP OI is achieved.

B. Reservation: In the event that any funds are set aside by the Company for the payment of bonuses under this Plan, the Company reserves the right not to allocate or not to pay out any portion of those funds. Should any funds from a Pool remain unallocated or unspent, Activision Blizzard also reserves the right to determine what Activision Blizzard may do with those funds, if anything, including without limitation, using those funds for other corporate purposes; no Participant or any beneficiary thereof will have any right or interest in or to any such assets or amounts.

V. Allocations: Typically an employee will be recommended for an incentive bonus award (or allocation) by his or her manager or management team. The nomination will require internal approval per the Company's then-current governance practices. Recommendations for a Plan Year are made in the first quarter of the following year. For example, recommendations for award allocations for fiscal year 2012 will be made in Q1 2013. Approved recommendations are presented to the Governing Committee for final approval, except that for purposes of any incentive bonus awards intended to qualify as a "Senior Executive Plan Bonus" within the meaning of the company's 2008 Incentive Plan (the "2008 Plan"), approval must be sought from the Compensation Committee pursuant to the 2008 Plan or as required by the Charter of the Compensation Committee. To determine the incentive bonus award recommendation for each relevant employee, managers generally should consider the following:

A. Target Bonus: The Company normally provides each eligible employee (or "Participant") with a Target Bonus for each Plan Year that is expressed as a percentage of his or her "Base Salary" (as defined in Paragraph V.A.2 below) for that year. Target Bonuses may vary from Participant to Participant depending on a Participant's job level or any other factor the Company deems to be relevant. Each Participant's Target Bonus is normally set forth in a written communication to be provided to him or her (typically in an offer letter, employment agreement, or such similar writing). Once a Participant has been notified of his or her Target Bonus, it will normally remain the same until the Participant is notified, in writing, of any change. For example, a Participant with a Base Salary of \$100,000 may have a Target Bonus assigned of 10% of Base Salary in his or her offer letter; the Target

Bonus normally remains the same until notified of any change in writing (for example, notification of a promotion resulting in an increase in Target Bonus).

1) Modification of Target Bonus. The Company may opt to modify any Participant's Target Bonus at any time during the Plan Year, subject to the approval process provided for under the Company's then-current governance practices, at the Company's discretion or as required by the Company's then-current governance practices. Any such modification will be communicated to the Participant promptly after it has been approved. Unless otherwise determined by the Governing Committee or the Compensation Committee, if a Participant's Target Bonus is modified during a fiscal year, a weighted average of the Target Bonuses normally will be used to calculate the incentive bonus payment for that year. Awards intended to qualify as Senior Executive Plan Bonuses shall be subject to any limitations set forth in the 2008 Plan or Section 162(m) of the Code with respect to modification by the Governing Committee or the Compensation Committee.

2) Base Salary: For purposes of this Plan, the Base Salary earned by a Participant for purposes of calculating an incentive bonus payment for a specific Plan Year will be defined as follows:

- i. For each Participant who was paid a salary from the Activision Blizzard Group during the Plan Year, the aggregate salary actually paid to him or her while he or she was a Participant by the Activision Blizzard Group for the relevant Plan Year;
- ii. For each Participant who was paid an hourly wage from the Activision Blizzard Group during the Plan Year, the aggregate hourly wages (including any overtime wages and exclusive of any special or bonus payments) actually paid to him or her while he or she was a Participant by the Activision Blizzard Group for the relevant Plan Year; and
- iii. For each Participant who was paid both hourly wages and a salary from the Activision Blizzard Group while he or she was a Participant during the Plan Year, the sum of the aggregate hourly wages (including any overtime wages and exclusive of any special or bonus payments) and aggregate salary actually paid to him or her while he or she was a Participant by the Activision Blizzard Group for the relevant Plan Year.

B. Performance Metrics: The following performance metrics normally will be evaluated by managers (or as otherwise provided for by the Company's then-current governance practices) when determining the recommended level of payout for a Participant relative to his or her Target Bonus: 1) attainment of the Company's financial objectives; 2) attainment of relevant business financial objectives; and 3) attainment of the employee's individual performance objectives. Other factors may also be taken into consideration, as consistent with the Company's then-current governance practices. For all awards intended to qualify as Senior Executive Plan Bonuses, these metrics shall be established by the Compensation Committee (or otherwise in accordance with the 2008 Plan), and shall be subject to the applicable timeframe required under Section 162(m) of the Code and the 2008 Incentive Plan, and shall be selected from the Management Objectives as set forth and defined in the 2008 Incentive Plan. For each Participant, each metric normally will be assigned a weight expressed as a percentage so that the total weight of all of the objectives equals 100%, and normally will be set forth in a communication to be provided to each Participant annually. The specific financial and individual

performance objectives to be utilized and the relative weighting of the various objectives may vary from Participant to Participant depending on the department or unit to which the Participant provides services, a Participant's job level, or any other factor the Company deems to be relevant. The Governing Committee or the Compensation Committee may modify any metrics assigned to a Participant at any time during the Plan Year, except that Awards intended to qualify as Senior Executive Plan Bonuses shall be subject to any limitations set forth in Section 162(m) of the Code or the 2008 Plan. Any modifications will be communicated to the Participant promptly after being approved.

1) Corporate Financial Objectives: The Company's management (with the approval of the Compensation Committee) will establish financial performance objectives for Activision Blizzard with respect to each Plan Year. Following the close of each Plan Year, achievement of these financial objectives for that Plan Year normally will be confirmed by the Compensation Committee (usually in Q1 of the following year) or as is consistent with the Company's then-current governance practices. The maximum payout on any corporate financial objective for a Plan Year is 200% of target.

2) Business Financial Objectives (Where Applicable): The Company's management (with the approval of the Compensation Committee where required by the Company's then-current governance practices) will establish financial performance objectives and associated achievement levels for various operating and business units, regions, teams, and territories (all as defined by the Company). Following the close of each Plan Year, achievement of these financial objectives for that Plan Year will be confirmed by the Compensation Committee (usually in Q1 of the following year) or as is consistent with the Company's then-current governance practices. A relevant organization must normally achieve at least 75% of its AOP financial target set by the Company in order for this metric to fund. The maximum payout on any business financial objective for a Plan Year is (a) 200% of target, for performance measures greater than or equal to \$10 million or (b) 150% of target, for performance measures less than \$10 million.

3) Individual Performance Objectives: Individual performance objectives normally will be developed by each Participant and his or her immediate manager (or management team) for each Plan Year; such objectives are subject to review by the Governing Committee (or, where appropriate, the Compensation Committee), at either's discretion or as required by the Company's then-current governance practices. Each Participant and his or her manager (or management team) must establish such objectives (typically two to four) with a relative weighting of each to be determined by the Participant's management. In the case of new hires or transfers, individual performance objectives should be developed by each Participant and his or her manager/management team within six (6) weeks following such new hire's start date (or a deadline to be determined by Human Resources). Following the close of each Plan Year, achievement of a Participant's personal objectives will be determined by the Participant's manager/management team, subject to the approval process provided for under the Company's then-current governance practices and, at either's discretion or as required by the Company's then-current governance practices, review by the Governing Committee or the Compensation Committee. For bonuses intended to qualify as Senior Executive Plan Bonuses, the achievement of a Participant's personal objectives will be determined by the Compensation Committee.

i. Achievement levels: Each individual objective will have four potential levels of achievement with associated multipliers:

| Achievement | Multiplier |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| BT = Below Target | 0% |
| OT = On Target | 100% |
| AT = Above Target | 110% |
| SAT = Significantly Above Target | 120% |

The Participant's manager/management team may recommend that a Participant does not receive an incentive bonus for that Plan Year, or receives an incentive bonus which is less than his or her Target Bonus, if the Company determines that i) one or more of the objectives in a Participant's Bonus Plan are not achieved; ii) the Participant's performance rating (provided in conjunction with the Company's performance review process) for a Plan Year is Below Expectations; iii) the Participant has violated any Company policy, procedure, rule, or regulation during his or her employment or any post-employment restrictions (where applicable, as discussed in Paragraph VIII.B. below); or iv) other reasons bear consideration, unless any of the above are prohibited by applicable law. The maximum payout of any individual performance objective for a Plan Year is 120% of target.

C. Formula for Calculation. A "Weighted Multiplier" will be determined for each Participant by calculating the weighted average of achievement of each performance metric. The performance multiplier is then multiplied by (1) the participant's Target Bonus and (2) the Base Salary earned by the Participant to determine the recommended payout for that Plan Year.

D. Sample Calculation. In the following example (for illustration purposes *only* and not applicable to awards intended to qualify as Senior Executive Bonuses), the Participant earned a Base Salary of \$60,000 during the Plan Year and had a Target Bonus equal to 10% of his Base Salary for that Plan Year. The recommended incentive bonus payout would be calculated as follows:

| Weight | Measure | Target | Threshold | Max | Actual | Achievement | Weighted Multiplier |
|--------|--------------------------------------|----------|-----------|------|---------|-------------|---------------------|
| 10% | A B (Corporate Financial Obj.) | \$1,400m | 85% | 200% | \$1,190 | 85% | 8.5% |
| 40% | Publishing (Business Financial Obj.) | \$900m | 75% | 200% | \$990 | 110% | 44.0% |
| 50% | Individual Objectives: | | | | | | |
| | Objective 1 (20%) | | | | AT | 110% | 22.0% |
| | Objective 2 (20%) | | | | SAT | 120% | 24.0% |
| | Objective 3 (10%) | | | | OT | 100% | 10.0% |
| 100% | | | | | | | 108.5% |

Based upon the sample facts outlined above, the final recommended payout for this Sample Participant would be calculated as follows: \$60,000 (Base Salary) x 10% (Target Bonus) x 108.5% (Sum of the Weighted Multipliers) = \$6,510 Final Payout (less applicable taxes and withholdings).

VI. Payments:

A. Schedule: Incentive bonus payments, if any, will be paid in a lump sum, less applicable taxes and withholdings, between January 1st and March 15th of the year following the applicable Plan Year, and will be paid in cash, unless otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee or otherwise in accordance with the then-current governance practices of the Activision Blizzard Group.

B. Employment Required: Since the Plan rewards not only the achievement of pre-established goals that contribute to the Company's success, but also continued service and ongoing contributions to the Activision Blizzard Group, an employee who is allocated an incentive bonus payment must be employed with the Activision Blizzard Group on the payment date of such incentive bonus payment, unless an exception is (i) provided for under the Company's then-current severance plan (if any), (ii) approved by the Governing Committee or the Compensation Committee, or (iii) is otherwise required by law. For the avoidance of doubt, once the Governing Committee or Compensation Committee has approved of an incentive bonus payment to an individual, in no event will

such incentive bonus payment be made to an employee later than March 15 of the year following the applicable Plan Year.

VII. Appeal: If a Participant disagrees with the incentive bonus award allocation (if any) made to him or her pursuant to this Plan, the Participant must notify his or her manager or assigned HR Generalist of such dispute within 14 days after the date that the incentive bonus award allocation is communicated to him or her. To the extent no such notice is received by the Company within 14 days after the date such communication is made, such determination will conclusively be deemed final and binding on the Company and that Participant. If a notice is received within such 14-day period, then the manager or HR Generalist will promptly investigate the Participant's concerns and communicate back to the Participant a determination. If the Participant disagrees with the determination, then he or she may appeal the determination to the Governing Committee within 7 days of receipt of the determination. The Governing Committee (in consultation with the Compensation Committee, where appropriate) will then provide a final determination; that determination will be binding and conclusive upon the Company and the Participant. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, no Participant will have any right, unless provided otherwise by law, to inspect the books, records, budgets, business plans, financial data or financial statements of the Activision Blizzard Group to determine whether any financial determinations are correct with respect to any fiscal year; the foregoing procedures set forth in the prior paragraph to be the sole and exclusive methods of determining same.

A. Appeal Process for Any Individual Reporting to a Member of the Governing Committee: If a Participant reports directly to a Member of the Governing Committee, then the procedures outlined above in Paragraph VII will apply, except that the Member of the Governing Committee who is that individual's supervisor must recuse himself from the decision-making process of the Governing Committee with respect to that appeal.

B. Appeal Process for Governing Committee Members: If a Participant is a Member of the Governing Committee, then the Participant may submit his or her appeal directly to the Chief Executive Officer of Activision Blizzard (who will consult with the Compensation Committee, where appropriate), who will function in lieu of the Governing Committee for the procedures outlined above in Paragraph VII.

VIII. Miscellaneous:

A. Modification or Termination of Plan: Activision Blizzard, as the sponsor of the Plan, reserves the right to change, amend, or terminate the Plan at any time with or without notice, and regardless of whether or not work has been initiated or even completed with respect to goals or objectives. Activision Blizzard reserves the right to suspend or terminate all payments in the event of change, amendment, or termination of the Plan. Activision Blizzard retains the exclusive right to interpret the Plan in its sole discretion, and its determination will be final and binding. Any prior course of dealings shall not be determinative in interpreting this Plan; no participant shall be entitled to rely on any past practices associated with administering the Plan (or any similar plans) to interpret this Plan.

B. At-Will Employment: Nothing contained in this Plan implies a contractual agreement between the Activision Blizzard Group and an employee or confers upon any such individual the right to continued employment. For individuals not employed pursuant to an employment agreement, this Plan in no way alters the at-will employment status of his or her employment. An employee or the Activision

Blizzard Group may terminate employment at any time, with or without cause or notice, unless an employee's employment agreement states otherwise.

C. Conflicts: This Plan supersedes all prior oral or written communications on this same subject matter. To the extent that this Plan conflicts with the Activision Blizzard Group's policies, procedures, rules, or regulations, the latter shall control. To the extent that this Plan may conflict with an employee's employment agreement with the Activision Blizzard Group, the terms of the employment agreement shall control.

D. Inapplicability of ERISA. This Plan is intended to be a "bonus program" and "payroll practice" and, as such, is not subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

E. 409A and 162m Compliance: To the extent applicable, it is intended that the Plan comply with the provisions of Sections 409A and 162m of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The Plan will be administered and interpreted in a manner consistent with this intent. Specifically, any provision that would cause the Plan to fail to satisfy Section 409A will have no force and effect until amended to comply therewith (which amendment may be retroactive to the extent permitted by Section 409A).

F. Relationship to 2008 Incentive Plan. This Plan is intended to operate as a "sub-plan" of the Company's shareholder-approved 2008 Plan, including for purposes of facilitating grants of Senior Executive Plan Bonuses, and shall be governed by the terms of the 2008 Plan other than in the event of any conflict between the terms of this Plan and the 2008 Plan, in which case the terms of this Plan shall control.

G. Taxation: The Activision Blizzard Group may withhold from any payments made under this Plan all federal, state, city or other applicable taxes or amounts as shall be required or permitted pursuant to any law, governmental regulation or ruling or agreement with an employee. Likewise, the Activision Blizzard Group may withhold payments hereunder or seek reimbursement from a Participant to recover improper payments or over-payments made.

H. Effect on Other Activision Blizzard Group Benefits Programs:

1) No incentive bonus payment under this Plan will be considered salary or other compensation paid to an employee for purposes of computing any benefits to which he or she may be entitled under any employee benefit or retirement plan which may be maintained by the Activision Blizzard Group from time to time, except for those benefit plans which explicitly provide for otherwise.

2) Participation in this Plan does not confer rights to participation in other programs which may be maintained by the Activision Blizzard Group from time to time, including but not limited to other annual or long-term incentive plans, non-qualified retirement or deferred compensation plans or other executive prerequisite programs.

I. Non-Exclusivity. Neither the adoption of this Plan by the Company nor any provision of this Plan will be construed as creating any limitations on the power of the Company to adopt such additional compensation arrangements as it may deem desirable.

J. Construction: The headings set forth herein are included solely for the purpose of identification and shall not be used for the purpose of construing the meaning of the provisions of this Plan. The masculine gender, wherever appearing in this Plan, will include the feminine gender and the singular will include the plural, unless the context clearly indicates to the contrary.

K. Governing Law: Except to the extent governed by federal law, this Plan shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California, or, for individuals employed outside of California, the state in which an employee was last employed by the Activision Blizzard Group, without regard to conflict of law principles.

L. Severability: If any provision of this Plan is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable, such provisions shall be fully severable, the Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision had never comprised a part of this Plan, and the remaining provisions of this Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be affected by the illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision or by its severance from this Plan. Furthermore, in lieu of such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision, a court or arbitrator shall add automatically as part of this Plan a legal and enforceable provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision as may be possible.

M. Assignment: This Plan and the rights and obligations hereunder shall not be assignable or transferable by any employee, unless provided for otherwise by Activision Blizzard in writing and signed by the Chief Executive Officer of Activision Blizzard. Activision Blizzard may assign this Plan or all or any part of its rights and obligations under this Plan at any time and following such assignment all references to Activision Blizzard shall be deemed to refer to such assignee and Activision Blizzard shall thereafter have no obligation under this Plan.

N. Successors: This Plan shall be binding on and inure to the benefit of Activision Blizzard and its successors and assigns, including successors by merger and operation of law.

ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC.

/s/ Thomas Tippl
Thomas Tippl, Chief Operating Officer

November 5, 2012
Date

CERTIFICATION

I, Robert A. Kotick, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Activision Blizzard, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, at the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2012

/s/ ROBERT A. KOTICK
Robert A. Kotick
*Chief Executive Officer of
Activision Blizzard, Inc.*

CERTIFICATION

I, Dennis Durkin, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Activision Blizzard, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, at the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2012

/s/ DENNIS DURKIN

Dennis Durkin
*Chief Financial Officer and
Principal Financial Officer of
Activision Blizzard, Inc.*

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report of Activision Blizzard, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Robert A. Kotick, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, to my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 7, 2012

/s/ ROBERT A. KOTICK
Robert A. Kotick
*Chief Executive Officer of
Activision Blizzard, Inc.*

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report of Activision Blizzard, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Dennis Durkin, Chief Financial Officer and Principal Financial Officer of the Company, certify, to my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 7, 2012

/s/ DENNIS DURKIN

Dennis Durkin

Chief Financial Officer and

Principal Financial Officer of Activision Blizzard, Inc.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.
